

COUNCIL REDISTRICTING COMMISSION MINUTES

September 29, 2021

The Council Redistricting Commission of the City of Mesa met in the lower-level meeting room of the Council Chambers, 57 East 1st Street, on September 29, 2021, at 5:00 p.m.

COMMISSION PRESENT

Deanna Villanueva-Saucedo, Chairperson Elaine Miner, Vice Chair Catherine Jiang Greg Marek Jo Martin COMMISSION PRESENT

STAFF PRESENT

None

Jessica Gerspach Dee Ann Mickelsen Jeff Robbins

Call meeting to order.

Chairperson Deanna Villanueva-Saucedo conducted a roll call.

2. Approval of minutes from previous Redistricting Commission meetings.

It was moved by Commission Member Martin, seconded by Vice Chair Miner, that the May 12, May 20, June 16, June 23, August 12, 14, 17, 18, 25, 26, and 28, 2021, Redistricting Commission minutes be approved.

Carried unanimously.

3. Hear a presentation on and discuss public input received, including input received at community outreach meetings and via online submissions.

Economic Development Project Manager Jeffrey Robbins introduced Kimi Shigitani, Chief Administrative Officer with Redistricting Partners, and displayed a PowerPoint presentation.

Mr. Robbins highlighted several ways for residents to submit feedback on a district map. He commented that the feedback so far has been very good; however, one of the challenges is that some of the information is not mappable. Mr. Robbins provided an overview of the five takeaways identified on the Staff Summary report. He commented the first takeaway is for Downtown Mesa, which is considered a Community of Interest (COI) as a gathering place that

has distinct needs and interests. He added that the Evergreen Historic District was also a concern since it is currently located in District 1 and has more similarities with other historic districts which are currently in District 4. (See Attachment 1)

Mr. Robbins commented on the second takeaway, which is the Riverview Shopping Center at Dobson Road and the 202. He stated many people exercise and play at Riverview Park, which is located in District 1, and directly south of the park is a neighborhood which is in District 3. He noted during times of high activity in the park, if residents have concerns or issues, they have to contact a different Councilmember to address their concerns.

Mr. Robbins highlighted the third takeaway, which includes the area surrounding Westwood High School. He noted that while schools in general are not governed by the City, the concern that was raised is the neighborhood around the high school since that community is in the confluence of Districts 1, 3, and 4.

Mr. Robbins explained the fourth takeaway includes the Fiesta Mall District and Mesa Community College (MCC). He commented many submissions stated there are numerous multi-family developments to the north of MCC and wanted to ensure if there is enough of a connection with MCC that the Redistricting Commission take that into consideration when redrawing boundaries.

Mr. Robbins commented on the final takeaway, which is the Asian District on Dobson Road that extends from Southern to Main. He remarked many submissions expressed concern in keeping the area in one district.

Mr. Robbins commented there were also a large plurality of responses that addressed how important parks are and to consider keeping communities together around parks.

Ms. Shigitani highlighted the Community of Interest Testimony Summary, which was collected from the placemats and comments during the outreach sessions, as well as from the DistrictR online tool. She clarified that some of the feedback was provided as districts and some as COI areas. (See Attachment 2)

Ms. Shigitani stated additional feedback on COI included the border of Districts 1 and 4 in northwest Mesa where the current boundary splits a neighborhood based on a canal that is no longer functional and keeping the Hispanic community intact.

In response to a question from Commission Member Martin, Commission Member Marek responded that as the former Historic Preservation Officer for the City, the Evergreen Historic District was one of the first neighborhoods outside the town center boundaries and has historically been tied to the Downtown area. He recalled when the City first went to the district system, Evergreen was in District 4; and in 2011, for various reasons, it was moved to District 1. He said not all historic districts are together because of different historical backgrounds.

4. Hear a presentation, discuss and take action on draft maps produced by Redistricting Partners.

Ms. Shigitani referred to three sets of draft maps labeled A, B, and C, in addition to a set of cover sheets for each plan. She added that within each packet there is a page that provides a

data breakdown of each district, including citizen voting age population (CVAP), total population, deviations, and statistical and mapping data for each district.

Mr. Robbins indicated that staff has received some responses online about the draft maps and he stressed that these maps are starting points and that the Commission will not be adopting a map tonight.

Ms. Shigitani highlighted Draft Map A, which keeps most of the Hispanic area together that was identified as a COI in District 4 but cautioned that none of the maps can encapsulate all of the Hispanic community. She stated the deviation is 5.1%, well under the 10% recommended limit. (See Attachment 3)

In response to a question from Commission Members, Ms. Shigitani explained the deviation is absolute, combining the biggest positive and biggest negative. She added the allowable limit is 10%.

In response to a question from Commission Member Martin, Ms. Shigitani commented this draft does not keep the Asian District intact.

In response to a question from Commission Member Jiang regarding accommodating the huge growth that will continue in District 6, Ms. Shigitani replied that District 6 has a -3.3% population deviation, making it underpopulated to allow for some of that growth.

Discussion ensued relative to the lack of street level detail on the current draft maps; that these maps will assist the Commission in balancing out population, that this set of draft maps will help the Commission focus on a draft that makes the most sense, and that when the Commission returns in one week, maps will include place names, streets, and landmarks to assist with compiling a final version.

Ms. Shigitani highlighted Draft Map B, which has a higher deviation at 7.2%, due to the -3.9% deviation in District 6, and a 3.3% deviation in District 5. She explained this draft keeps the Hispanic community mostly in District 4, and District 2 comes farther west to pick up some of the Hispanic community. She stated this draft does a better job keeping the Asian District in District 3. She compared this plan to Draft Plan A in that the Hispanic CVAP in District 4 is very close at 36-37%. She commented this draft is similar to the existing district lines. (See Attachment 4)

In response to a question from Commission Member Jiang regarding the higher Asian population in District 6 than in District 3, Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo explained the Asian District in District 3 reflects an Asian destination, not necessarily where the Asian population resides.

Ms. Shigitani highlighted Draft Map C, which has a total deviation of 6% and explained the Hispanic community is mostly in District 4. She indicated District 6 remains largely the same; however, it does split the Superstition Mall area at the south end of District 2 and is slightly underpopulated to allow for anticipated growth. She commented the deviations provide a balance across districts. (See Attachment 5)

In response to a question from Commission Member Jiang regarding how the COI were captured in the three drafts, Mr. Robbins explained the problem with summarizing the five items

in the staff summary is that the data is not mappable. He stated the focus for tonight is to start at a high level and provide feedback, then turn that over to the Commission to adjust the maps.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo commented not all the five staff summary points may require action. She added Council has no jurisdiction over schools and not every house in a neighborhood has a student.

Commission Member Martin requested information on whether the Superstition Springs Mall architecture is governed by the Superstition Springs HOA, since many of the area auto parks are governed by those regulations.

Oscar Mancinas, a Mesa resident and spokesperson for the Washington-Escobedo neighborhood, noted none of the proposed maps maintain the neighborhood in District 4 despite comments requesting that both the Evergreen Historic District and Washington-Escobedo remain in District 4. He explained both areas have a lot in common with Downtown and the neighborhoods to the south of Downtown; that the district includes Martin Luther King (MLK) Drive; as well as the fact that the neighborhood was instrumental in activating the MLK day celebration.

Maria Mancinas, a Mesa resident and Chairperson for the Washington-Escobedo Neighborhood Advisory Committee, stated that five to six years ago the neighborhood organized and created a quality-of-life plan, which identified seven main goals of education, safety, code compliance, housing, and transportation. She expressed appreciation to partnerships with elected officials, staff, non-profits, and businesses for their assistance with the plan and with creating the heritage designation. She noted the Governor's office will be recognizing the neighborhood for the Heritage Preservation Honor Award. She respectfully requested, for these reasons and many others, that the Washington-Escobedo neighborhood remain in District 4.

Bruce Nelson, a Mesa resident, remarked that he is a product of the Washington-Escobedo neighborhood and was the economic team leader for the advisory committee. He commented over the years there have been multiple instances where the community was almost removed, and the neighbors fought back and won to maintain the community. He explained Site 17 was where African American troops lived because they were not allowed to live at Williams Air Force Base. He stated the importance in keeping things where they are and recognized what the community has accomplished. He requested that the Washington-Escobedo neighborhood remain in District 4.

Vic Linoff, a Mesa resident and the President of the Mesa Historical Foundation, stated he was the first Chair of the City's Historic Preservation Board and has a background in preservation. He stated that during his tenure on the board, six historic districts were formed, and he recognizes the challenging effort in redistricting. He stressed the strength of these communities, the need to protect historic communities, and to divide representation is not in their best interest.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo explained the Commission's responsibility is to use testimony to create districts from the base maps. She commented from her perspective, Map C is a logical starting point. She stated Map A creates a pinch point in District 3, and Map C has the Asian District more contained, and the numbers do not show a big decrease in the Hispanic population.

Vice Chair Miner expressed the opinion that Map C has a cleaner look but wants to ensure the Commission has the ability to change some of the lines or even switch map options if that is what is needed.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo clarified the Commission is not voting tonight, and that a common starting point will assist in changing the lines as needed.

Commission Member Marek agreed that a good base to start is Map C as the districts are compact and similar to the current districts. He stated some adjustments can be made to accommodate the concerns on Washington-Escobedo. He expressed concern with Map B as there is an appendage in District 3 which makes no sense. He said Map A essentially bifurcates District 3, creating a north and south area of the district. He expressed the opinion that Map A and Map B will require more adjustments and Map C will require the fewest changes.

Commission Member Jiang agreed that Map C has the most similarities to the current Districts, looks compact, and has the easiest boundaries and numbers to manipulate.

Commission Member Martin remarked that in reviewing the numbers, she wants to ensure minority votes will still have an impact in elections. She agreed that Map C would be the best starting point and allows for the highest percentage of black votes in all the districts.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo stated it was a consensus of the Commission to start with Map C as the base map.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo declared a recess at 6:07 p.m. The meeting reconvened at 6:15 p.m.

Paul Mitchell, owner of Redistricting Partners, explained if Commission Members identify specific changes, he can take a few moments and adjust the map to ensure population numbers are appropriately distributed among districts. He commented that sometimes areas can look small but have a lot of density and can be misleading. He pointed out if there are landmarks or areas in the City that should be in a particular district, a list can be compiled and discussed at a future meeting to ensure changes are practical and that the deviation is within range.

In response to feedback from Commission Members, Mr. Mitchell proceeded with revisions to Map C.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo stated due to considerable interest in the Evergreen Historic District and Washington-Escobedo, she requested Mr. Mitchell see what we can do with the map to accommodate those concerns.

Mr. Mitchell pointed out that as he selects areas, there are limitations based on census blocks which can have odd shapes and cannot be squared off.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo asked Mr. Robbins to send Redistricting Partners the boundaries of the Evergreen Historic District and Washington-Escobedo. She commented if including those areas leaves the deviations low, that is a win in terms of editing that area.

Commission Member Marek requested District 4 go further north past 9th Place, as that area also includes a historic district.

Mr. Mitchell explained at this location 9th place turns north to Brown Road, which leaves District 4 over by 4.56% and District 3 under by 3.9%, leaving a total deviation of close to 9%. He clarified if the higher deviation is to unify a neighborhood, that is a perfect reason to have a larger deviation to bring a community together.

In response to a question from Commission Member Jiang related to a 10-year growth projection, Mr. Robbins said while there are no future projections, the Commission can look at what has changed since 2010 to see possible trends for the next 10 years. He explained Districts 1-5 have seen growth between 4,000-7,000 people per district, and District 6 has had explosive growth of approximately 30%.

Responding to questions from Commission Members, Mr. Mitchell explained the ability to add population to District 2 is limited and one option is to take the area near the Superstition Freeway, depending on population density and shapes of census blocks.

In response to questions from Commission Members, Mr. Mitchell responded that District 6 should not be expanded; however, Districts 1-5 can increase.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo stated that every historical neighborhood may not be able to be included within District 4, but requested the neighborhoods be mapped, along with a couple of the adjustments at the edges. She requested Redistricting Partners return to a future meeting with those estimates and to provide more refined maps, including landmarks and the identified Asian District.

In response to a question from Commission Member Martin regarding the feedback provided on the Riverview community, Mr. Robbins stated that information is difficult to map since there are events happening at the park that affect the neighborhoods; however, they are not in the same district.

Commission Member Martin requested the major regional parks be added to the map, including Riverview, Pioneer, Eastmark Great Park, and Red Mountain Park, so residents can understand how neighborhoods connect and do not connect to parks.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo confirmed that the items to be added to the map for the next meeting are the four major parks, the Asian District, and the Downtown historic square mile.

Vice Chair Miner commented on concerns from citizens in the Mesa Grande neighborhood regarding the area surrounding Westwood High School (HS), and that they wanted the HS to be a focal point of redistricting. She recognized the difficulty in doing that, but out of respect for the organization's efforts, requested the maps show Westwood HS, Carson Junior High, and some of the other elementary schools to see if there are any accommodations that can be made.

Discussion ensued relative to the cross streets of that community, whether it is a registered community, and the fact that schools are not under the purview of the City Council.

Commission Member Marek indicated the Mesa Grande neighborhood is a very large area that is not defined.

Vice Chair Miner explained the residents of Mesa Grande are at the intersection of three districts which presents a challenge since they cannot elect those who represent them.

In response to a question from Commission Member Martin regarding the boundaries of the Mesa Grande community, Commission Member Marek stated most of Mesa Grande is in District 1, with the southern boundary at 8th Street.

Discussion ensued relative to the population numbers if District 1 went further west on University Drive, and whether that would include all of Mesa Grande.

Mr. Mitchell explained that change would under populate District 3.

In response to comments from Vice Chair Miner regarding declining school enrollment during COVID and the desire of the Mesa Grande community to reverse that trend, Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo commented that this is not a school issue; however, she is trying to be respectful of the neighborhood requests with a policy decision that will work for all residents.

Discussion ensued relative to other modifications that have less of an impact on the overall deviation, that District 3 is land locked and can only take from District 4, moving the eastern edge of District 3 from Extension to Country Club, and the result if the border at University was moved south.

Commission Member Marek explained District 4 will have major changes over the next three to five years because of several large multi-family construction projects which will increase the population.

Mr. Robbins stated Site 17 has Request for Proposals out right now to develop the area which will be built by 2030 and would bring many new residential units.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo reiterated stating District 6 population will remain lower, District 4 remains over, balancing of Districts 1-3, and the complication remains in the upper quadrant where Districts 1, 3, and 4 meet.

5. Discuss and take action on processes and priorities for next Redistricting Commission meeting.

Chairperson Villanueva-Saucedo provided direction to Redistricting Partners to review the revisions to see how the population and deviation numbers work out and return to the Commission in one week to refine the map.

Scheduling of future meetings.

Wednesday, October 6, 2021 – 5:00 p.m.

Thursday, October 14, 2021 - 5:30 p.m.

Council Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Page 8

7. Items from citizens present.

There were no items from citizens present.

8. Adjournment.

Without objection, the Council Redistricting Commission meeting adjourned at 7:00 p.m.

I hereby certify that the foregoing minutes are a true and correct copy of the minutes of the Council Redistricting Commission meeting held on the 29th day of September 2021. I further certify that the meeting was duly called and held and that a quorum was present.

DEE ANN MICKELSEN, CITY CLERK

dm

(Attachments – 5)



Staff Summary-NLC Grant Redistricting Survey

Mesa received 57 map survey responses and 550 qualitative survey responses (as of 9/27/21) from Mesa residents via a community of interest survey which was supported by a grant from the National League of Cities. The grant was tied to specific outcomes that successfully raised awareness about Mesa's redistricting process but made the collection of actionable data for the purposes of redistricting difficult. The primary challenges are that it is difficult to identify mappable areas and that there is often not enough supplemental information to understand the nature of the community of interest. The survey was also not city-wide and focused exclusively on 2020 Census low-response tracts west of Gilbert Road. Staff reviewed and summarized takeaways from the survey below.

Takeaway with Possible Action Needed

- 1. **Downtown Mesa** Generally Country Club to Mesa Drive. Downtown is a cultural and community hub with shared interests and priorities. This area may extend to surrounding historic districts. Downtown is currently in D4. Evergreen Historic district is currently in D1.
- 2. **Riverview Shopping Center/Dobson & 202** Exercise and social groups identified this area as an important gathering space and community center. The area was sometimes defined as northwest Mesa north of University and west of Alma School. Riverview Park is currently located in D1 but is split from the residential directly south which is in D3.
- 3. **Westwood High** The community surrounding was mentioned frequently. Feedback suggested that there is a community around the school that includes not just those that attend the school. Westwood is currently located in D1. The neighborhood borders D3 and D4.
- 4. **Fiesta Mall Fiesta District and Mesa community College** Dobson and Southern to Alma School and Southern. The surrounding area is student occupied apartments. Multi-family on the border of D3 and D4 may be similar to the student multi-family near Dobson and Southern.
- 5. **Asian District** Dobson and Southern to Dobson and Main. A cultural gathering space. Solidly in D3 and should remain in one single district. Currently there is one D4 area generally located at the southwest intersection of W. Broadway and S Alma School. This area should be examined closely to determine its cohesiveness with the Asian District.

Takeaway with Likely No Action Needed

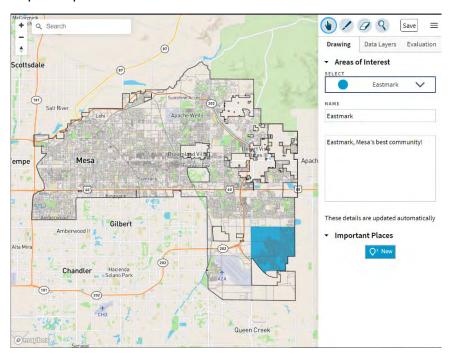
- Communities that surround a park feel ownership for their parks. Some mentions from the community include: Gene Autry Park, Fitch Park, Trovita Park, Princess Park, Reed Park, Countryside park, Chelsea Park, Greenfield Park, Silvergate Park, Red Mountain Park, Kleinman Park, Silvergate Park, Reed Park, Sheephereders park 24th McDowell
 - a. Eagles Park and surrounding neighborhoods Solidly in D4
- 2. Dana Park area. Important gathering location. Solidly D2. There is no compelling boundary or particular community of interest
- 3. Dobson Ranch Library and Park are considered centerpieces of the surrounding community Solidly in D3

City of Mesa

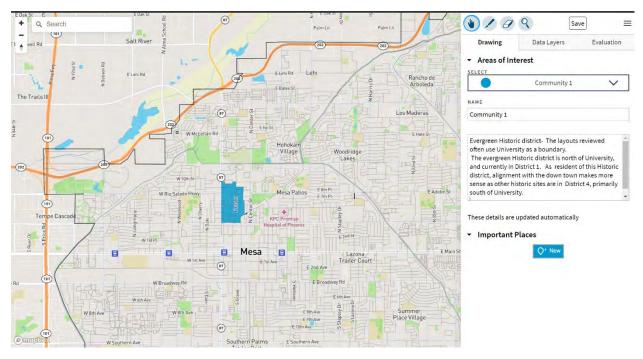
Community of Interest Testimony Summary

The City of Mesa has received submissions for Communities of Interest through a Community Survey and the online mapping tool DistrictR. There were some common themes that community members submitted in their testimony.

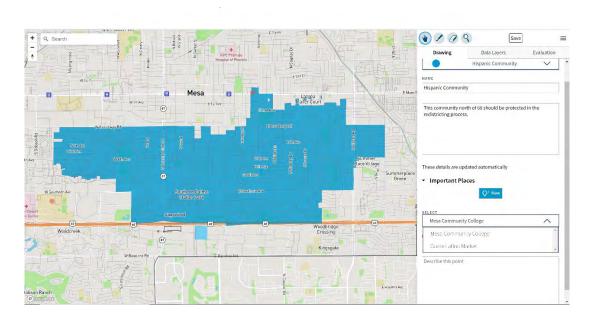
- Keep Eastmark together
 - o Cadence and South Eastmark
 - Southeast Superstition Spring
 - Airport expansion

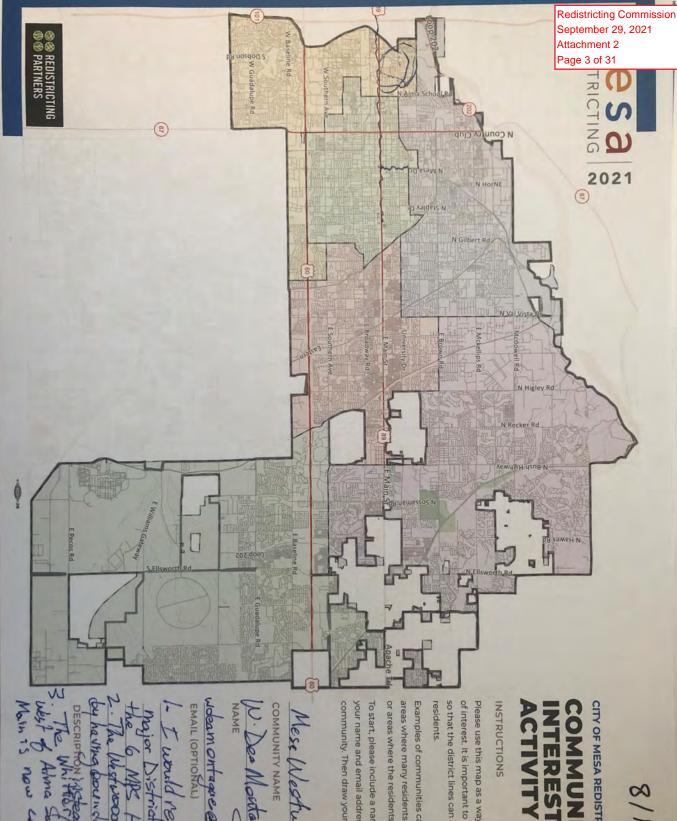


- Evergreen Historic District
 - o Currently in District 1, wants to be in District 4 with other historic districts.



- Northwest Mesa should be together
 - o Everything northwest of University and Alma School should be included
- District 1 and District 4 boundary is divided by a pass canal that no longer exists, breaking up a neighborhood
 - North Center St & W University Dr.
- · Keep the Hispanic community together
 - North of 60





CITY OF MESA REDISTRICTING COMMISSION

so that the district lines can amplify the voices of of interest. It is important to know about communities Please use this map as a way to draw your community

or areas where the residents use the same city facilities areas where many residents speak the same language. Examples of communities can include neighborhoods

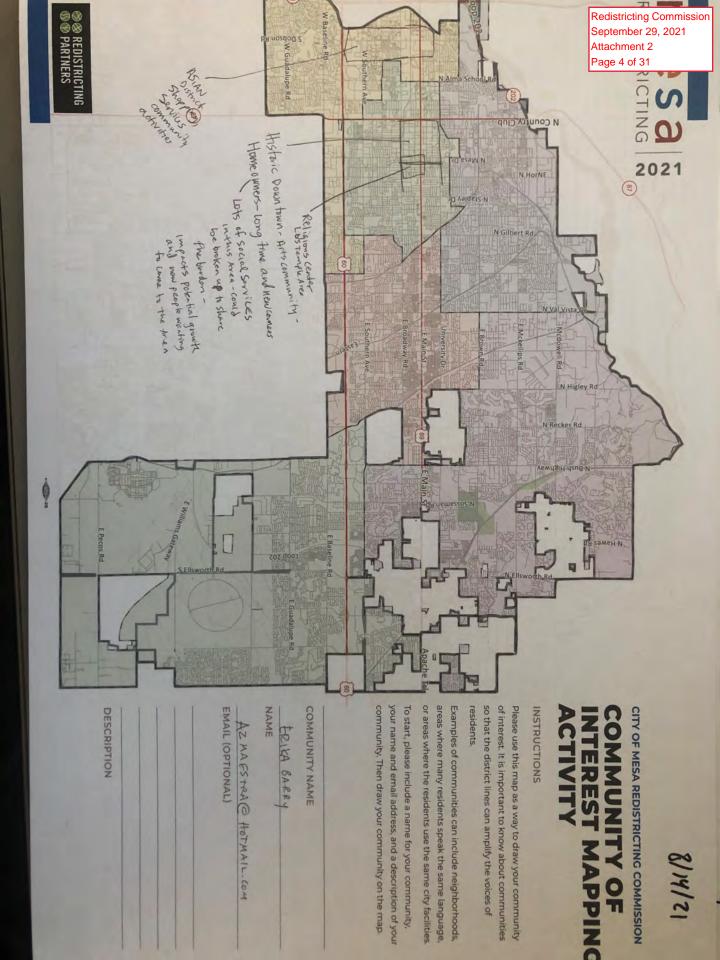
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- SOCIAL SERVICES IN OTHER DISTRICT

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CITY OF MESA REDISTRICTING COMMISSION

COMMUNITY OF INTEREST MAPPING ACTIVITY

INSTRUCTIONS

Please use this map as a way to draw your community of interest. It is important to know about communities so that the district lines can amplify the voices of

Examples of communities can include neighborhoods, areas where many residents speak the same language, or areas where the residents use the same city facilities.

To start, please include a name for your community, your name and email address, and a description of your community. Then draw your community on the map.

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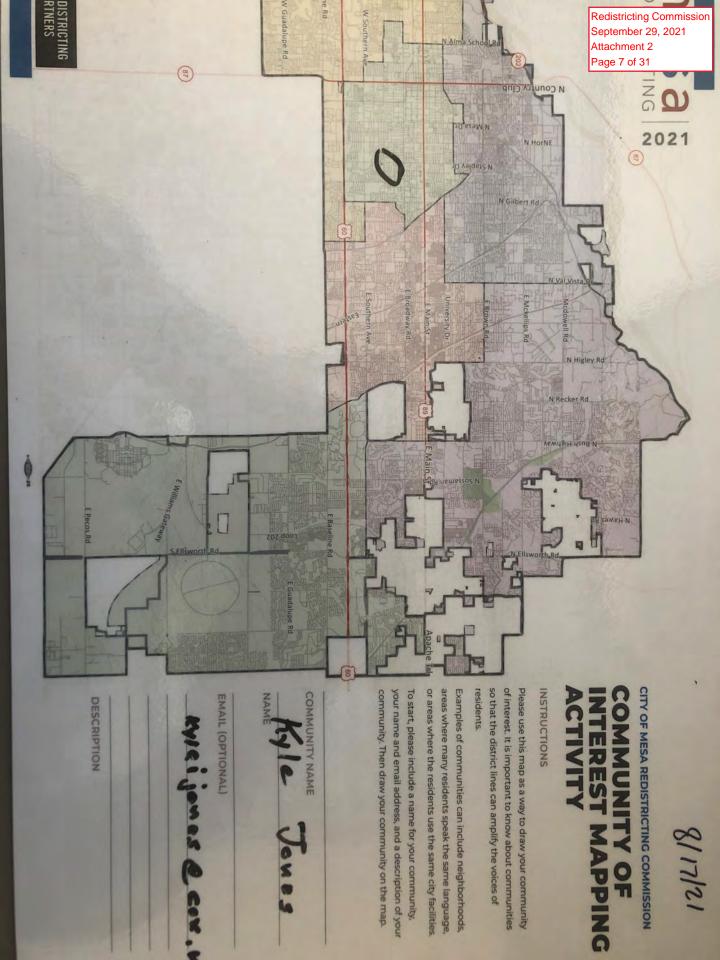
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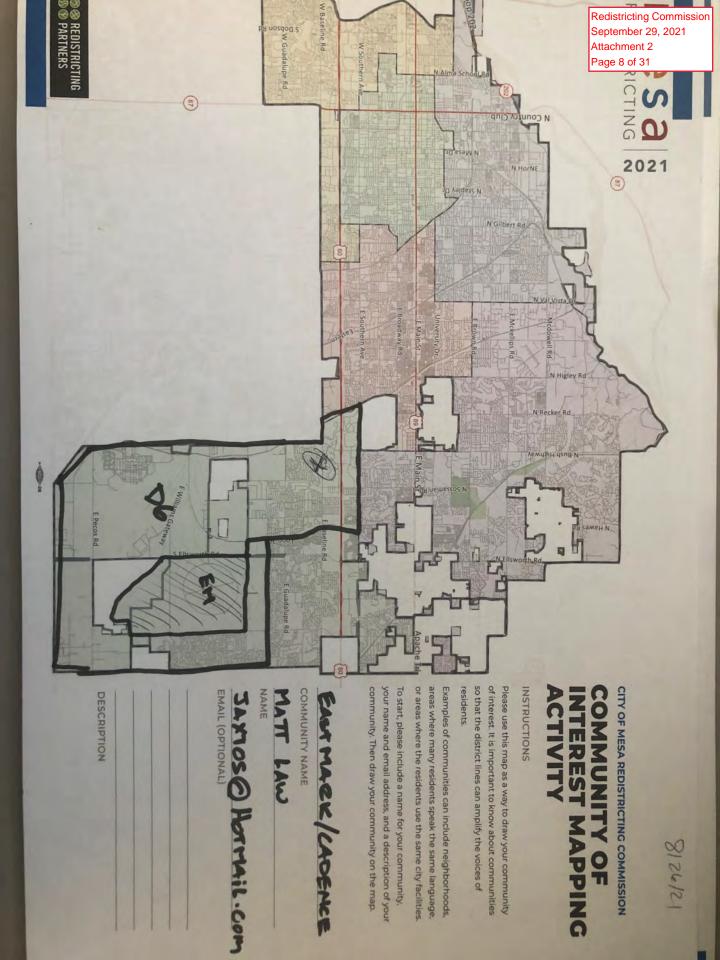
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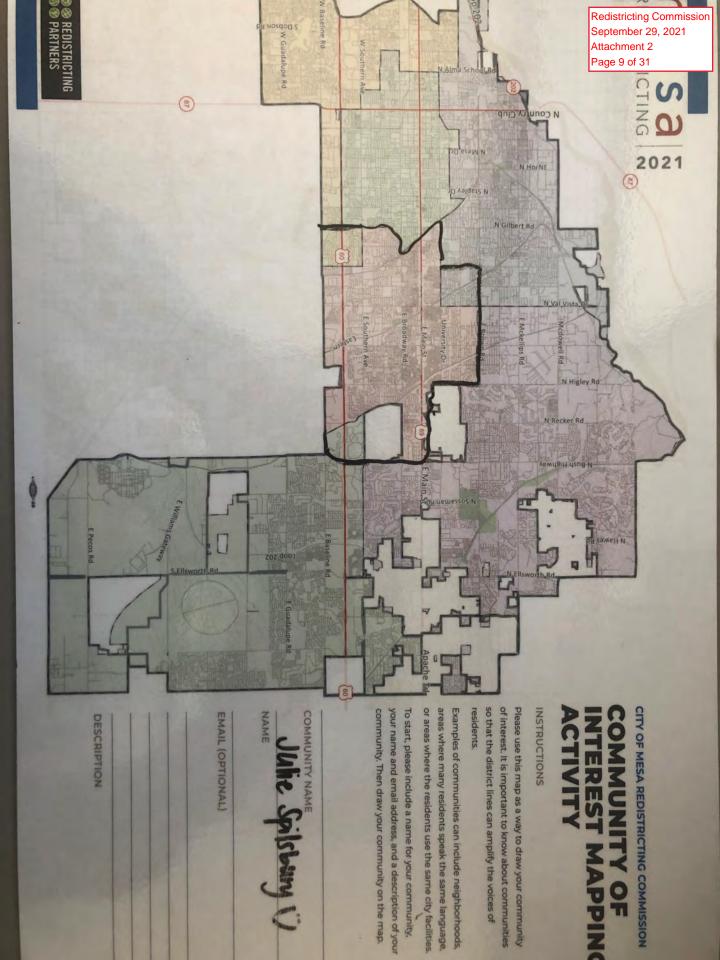
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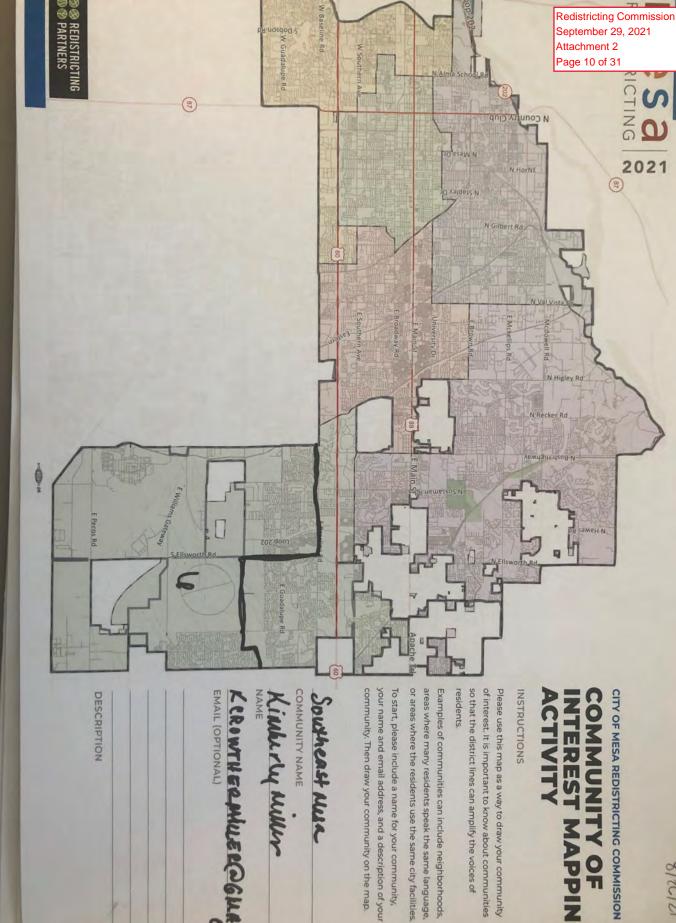
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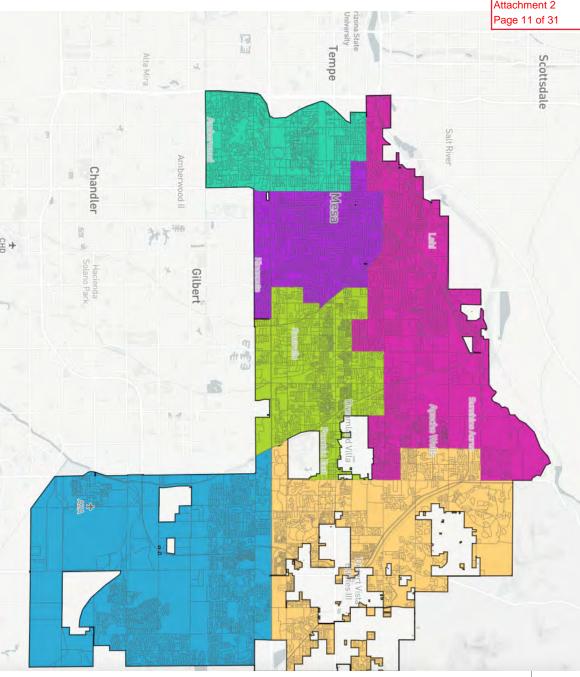








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Population Data Layers







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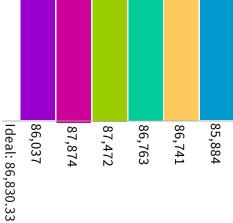
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Evaluation

Population Balance

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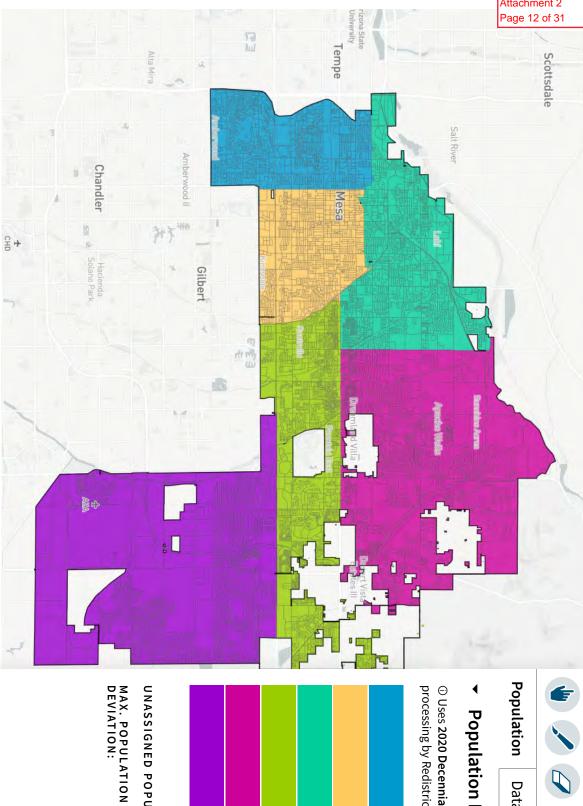
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MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

1 of 1

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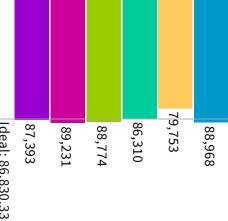


Data Layers

Evaluation

Population Balance

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Ideal: 86,830.33

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

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Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 13 of 31 Scottsdale Salt River **Population** Population Balance Data Layers













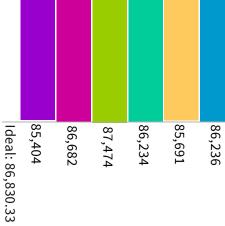
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Evaluation

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Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 14 of 31 Scottsdale

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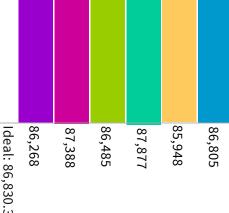
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Evaluation

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Ideal: 86,830.33

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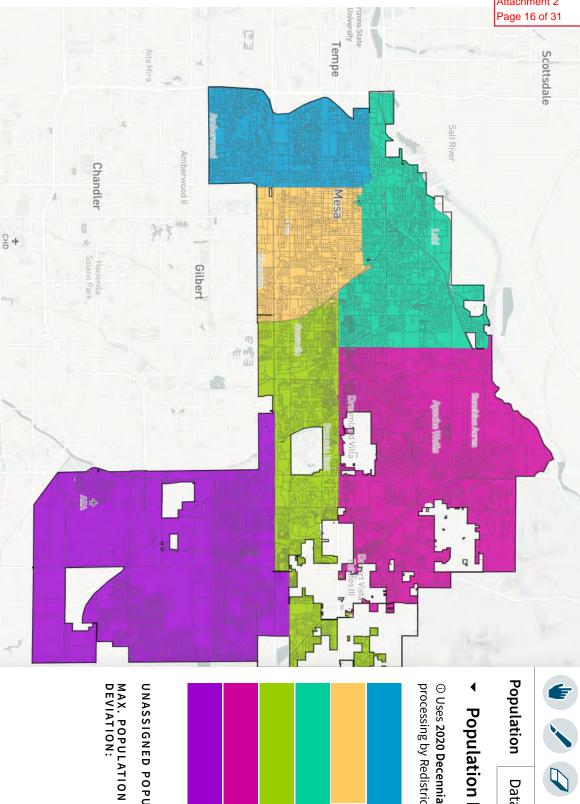
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1.21%

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 15 of 31 73 Tempe Scottsdale Salt River Chandler Mesa Gilbert 45 <u>.</u> [] **Population** MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION: UNASSIGNED POPULATION: processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with Population Balance Data Layers 76,134 85,975 86,206 Ideal: 86,830.33 89,182 90,656 92,618 Save **Evaluation** 12.32% 211 Ш

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Evaluation

Population

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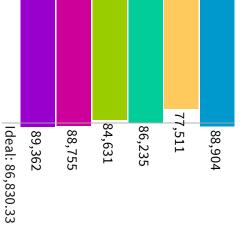


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Population Balance

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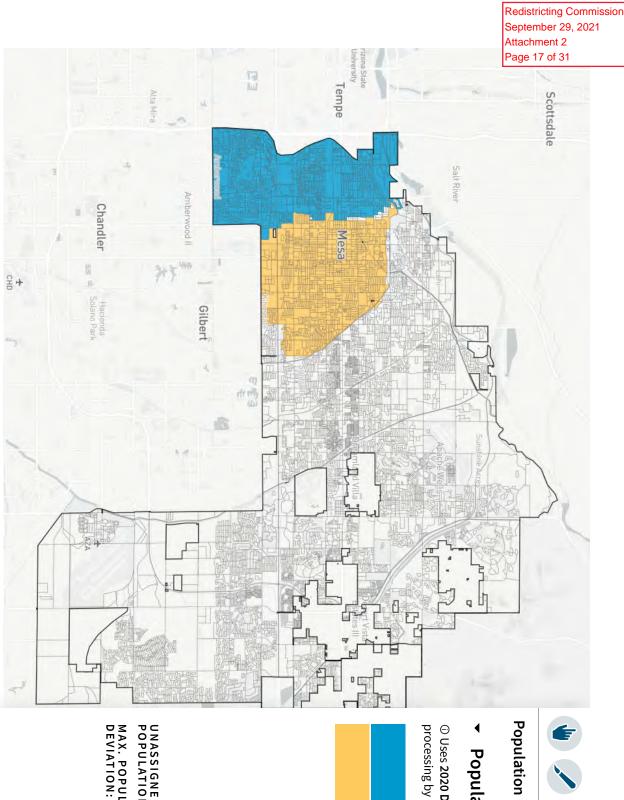


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MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

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Ideal: 86,830.33















Data Layers

Evaluation



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85,003

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Population Balance









Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 18 of 31 73 Tempe Scottsdale Salt River Chandler Mesa Gilbert 400 **Population** MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION: UNASSIGNED POPULATION: processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with Population Balance Data Layers 86,238 86,225 85,784 87,666 87,161 87,393 Ideal: 86,830.33 Save **Evaluation** 1.21% 515 Ш

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Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 19 of 31

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Data Layers

Evaluation

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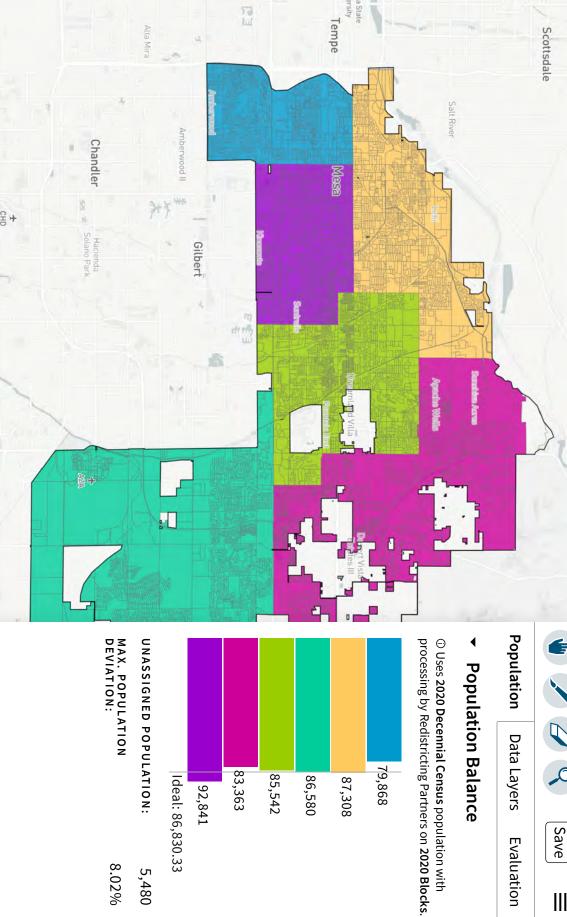






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83,363

Ideal: 86,830.33

8.02%

5,480

92,841

85,542

86,580

87,308

Population









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Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 20 of 31 Scottsdale Salt River 5 **Population** Population Balance Data Layers

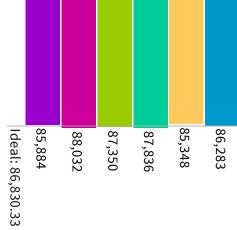
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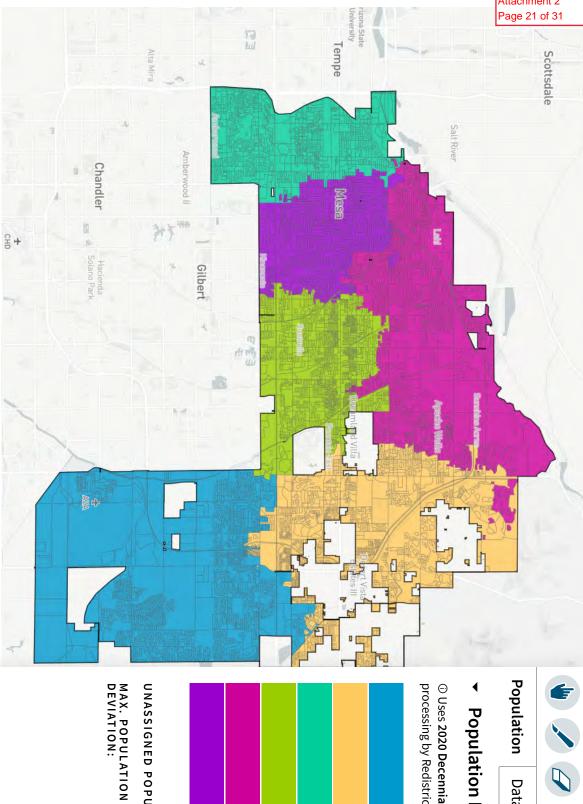
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1.71%

MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

Chandler

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 21 of 31

























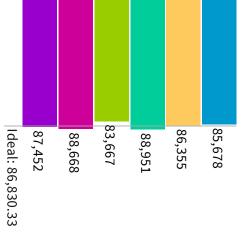


Evaluation

Population Data Layers

Population Balance

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with



UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

211

3.64%

1 of 1

73

Gilbert

日本

Chandler

MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

1.21%

515

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

86,225

Ideal: 86,830.33

87,666

87,161

87,393

University

Tempe

Mesa

1 of 1

9/13/2021, 11:39 PM





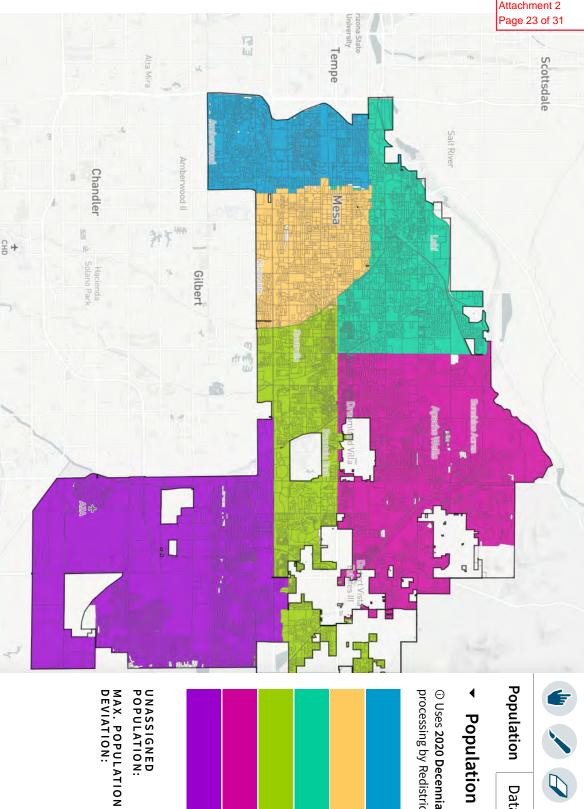
https://districtr.org/edit/42551?event=mesaaz

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks.

86,238

85,784

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021
Attachment 2

































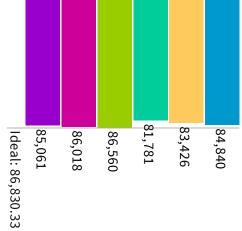


Evaluation

Population

Population Balance

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with



UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

13,296

Districtr

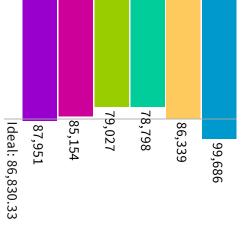
Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 24 of 31 Scottsdale Salt River **Population** Population Balance Data Layers

Save



Evaluation

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with



73

Gilbert

1

Tempe

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

4,027

MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

Chandler

Districtr

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 25 of 31 Scottsdale Salt River **Population Population Balance** Data Layers





























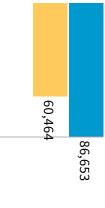


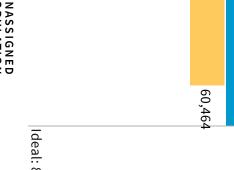




Evaluation

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with





Gilbert

Tempe

Ideal: 86,830.33

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

373,865

MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

Chandler

30.37%

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 26 of 31 73 Tempe Scottsdale Salt River Chandler Mesa Gilbert 400 **Population** MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION: UNASSIGNED POPULATION: processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with Population Balance Data Layers 75,752 81,565 Ideal: 86,830.33 85,525 90,161 91,849 93,871 Save **Evaluation** 12.76% 2,259 Ш

https://districtr.org/edit/43634?event=mesaaz

Districtr

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 27 of 31 Scottsdale Salt River **Population** Population Balance Data Layers

























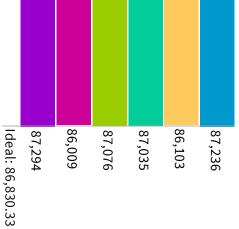
Ш



Save

Evaluation

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with



73

Gilbert

100

Tempe

Mesa

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

229

MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

Chandler



















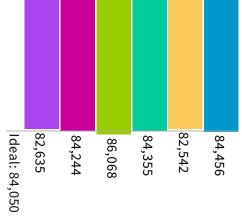
https://districtr.org/edit/50914?event=mesaaz

Population Data Layers

Evaluation

Population Balance

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with



UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

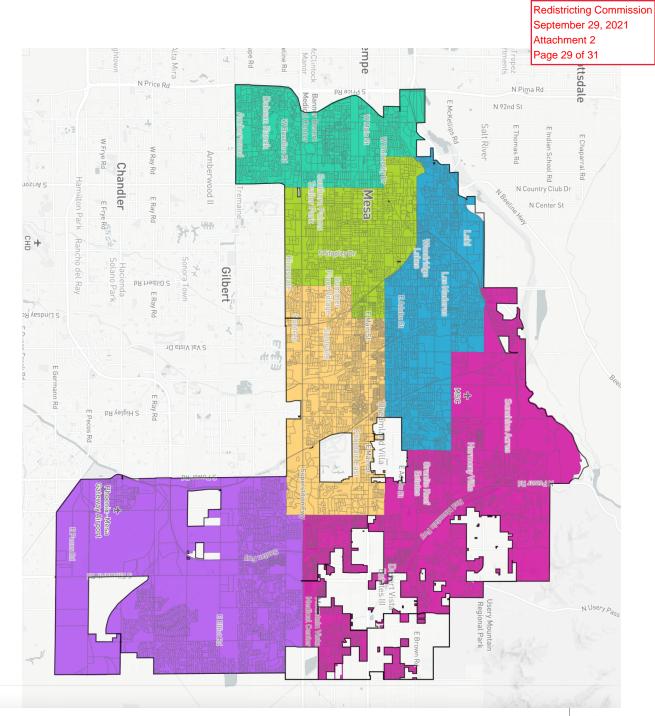
MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

0

2.4%

1 of 1

Districtr



MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

4.04%

0

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

81,912

Ideal: 84,050

83,141



































Data Layers

Evaluation

Population Balance

processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with

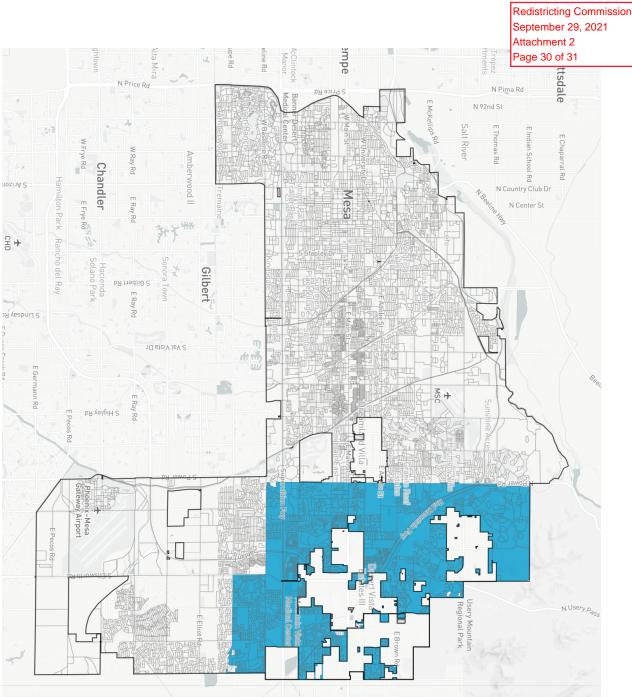
81,201

83,722

87,446

86,878

Districtr







Population

Data Layers

Evaluation

Population Balance

88,661



















MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION:

UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

Districtr

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 2 Page 31 of 31 edmi ttsdale N Pima Rd N 92nd St Chandler Rd Hamilton Park Rancho del Ray N Country Club Dr Mesa E Frye Rd E Ray Rd Gilbert S Lindsay Ro 4 TO stail JeV 2 MSC + S Higley Rd g [Regional Park





















Population

















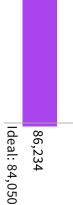




Evaluation

Population Balance

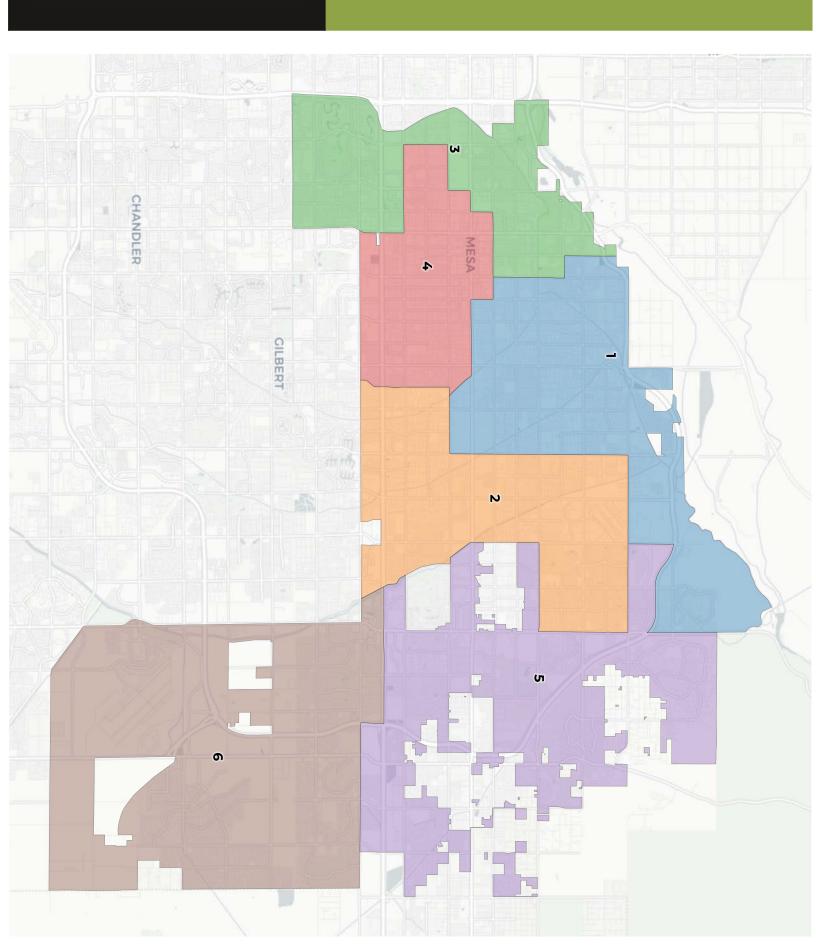
processing by Redistricting Partners on 2020 Blocks. ① Uses 2020 Decennial Census population with



MAX. POPULATION DEVIATION: UNASSIGNED POPULATION:

418,066

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 3 Page 1 of 8





Red	Pag Pag CP NSUS						
		1	2	3	4	σ	თ
	Population	84,023	84,257	85,328	85,580	83,856	81,273
	Deviation	-30	204	1,275	1,527	-197	-2,780
	Deviation %	-0.0%	0.2%	1.5%	1.8%	-0.2%	-3.3%
	Other	59,042	63,622	50,692	34,080	65,523	61,300
	Other%	70.3%	75.5%	59.4%	39.8%	78.1%	75.4%
	Latino	20,742	16,091	26,468	45,701	14,166	14,343
	Latino %	24.7%	19.1%	31.0%	53.4%	16.9%	17.6%
	Asian	1,585	2,042	2,843	1,460	1,807	2,988
	Asian %	1.9%	2.4%	3.3%	1.7%	2.2%	3.7%
	Black	2,654	2,502	5,325	4,339	2,360	2,642
	Black %	3.2%	3.0%	6.2%	5.1%	2.8%	3.3%

Other CVAP %

Latino CVAP

Other CVAP

Total CVAP

58,855

63,735

57,850

48,630

61,335

42,877

35,192

46,741

52,443

41,928

26,912

55.3%

84.8%

82.1%

5,812

52,015

72.5%

79.4%

82.3%

9,234

8,618

11,483

18,320

7,116

15.7%

13.5%

19.9%

37.7%

11.6%

13.6%

773

708

1,253

Black CVAP %

Black CVAP

2,107

1,966

3,186

2,474

1,359

2.2%

1.6%

693

5.1%

1.3%

1.1%

2.2%

1.9%

1.4%

2.8%

924

846

1,180

3.6%

3.1%

5.5%

Asian CVAP %

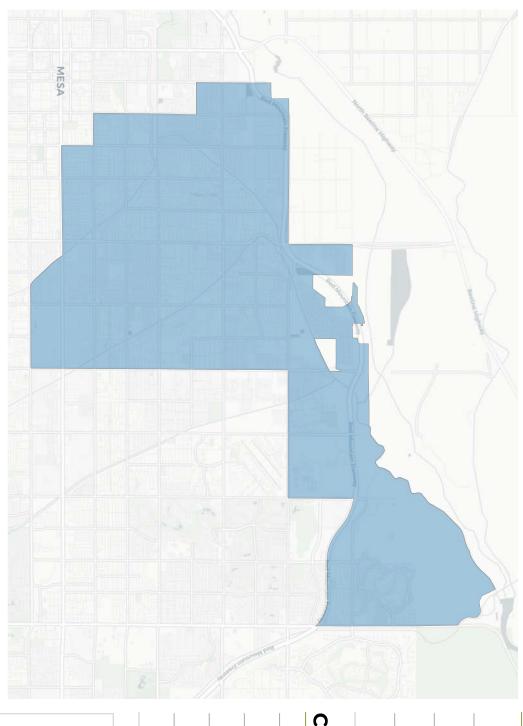
Asian CVAP

Latino CVAP %

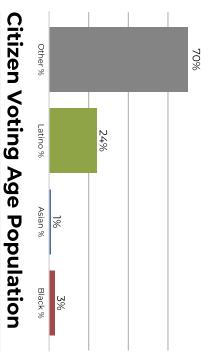
	Citizen Voting	Black %	Black	Asian %	Asian	Latino %	Latino	Other%	Other	
	Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)	3.2%	2,654	1.9%	1,585	24.7%	20,742	70.3%	59,042	0.000
2	on (CVAP)	3.0%	2,502	2.4%	2,042	19.1%	16,091	75.5%	63,622	O:E/o
3		6.2%	5,325	3.3%	2,843	31.0%	26,468	59.4%	50,692	:0 %
4		5.1%	4,339	1.7%	1,460	53.4%	45,701	39.8%	34,080	:0%
5		2.8%	2,360	2.2%	1,807	16.9%	14,166	78.1%	65,523	0.2.0
6		3.3%	2,642	3.7%	2,988	17.6%	14,343	75.4%	61,300	

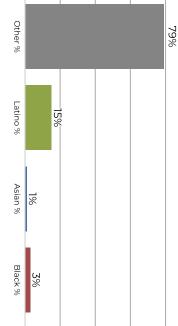


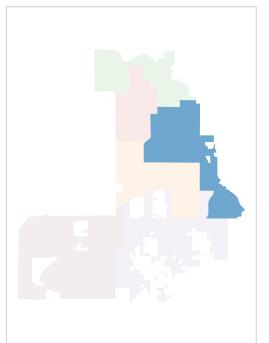




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

Total CVAP

Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

58,855

46,741

79.4%

9,234

15.7%

773

1.3%

2,107

3.6%

84,023

-30

-0.0%

59,042

20,742 Latino

Other % 70.3%

Latino % 24.7%

Asian 1,585

Asian % 1.9%

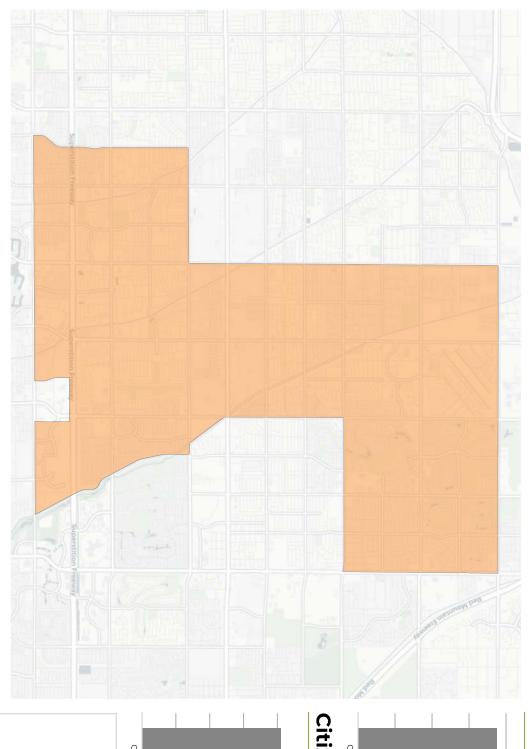
Black 2,654

Black %

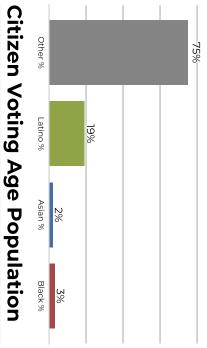
3.2%

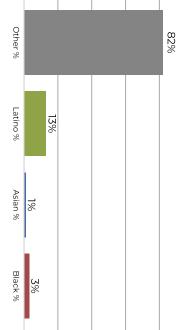
September 29, 2021 Attachment 3 Page 4 of 8

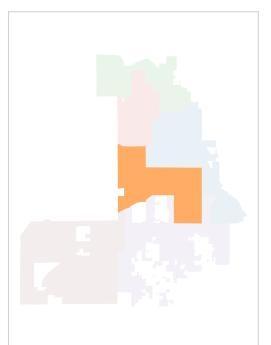
tt 2



2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

Total CVAP

Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

708

1.1%

1,966

3.1%

63,735

52,443

82.3%

8,618

84,257

204

0.2%

63,622

Other % 75.5%

Latino 16,091

Latino % 19.1%

Asian 2,042

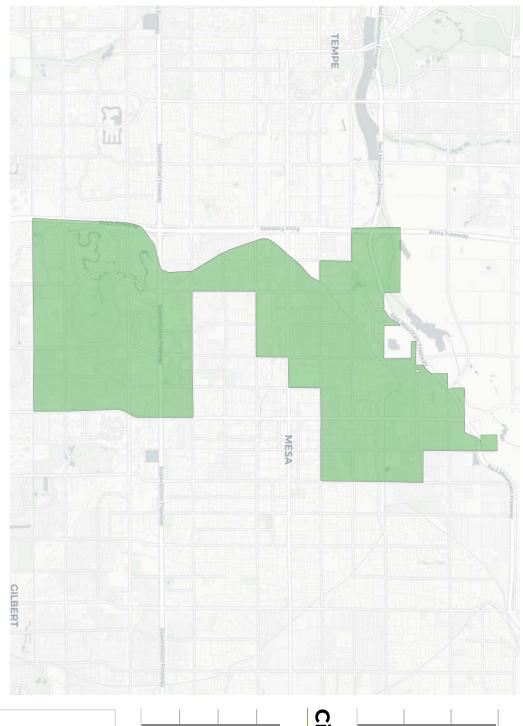
Asian % 2.4%

Black 2,502

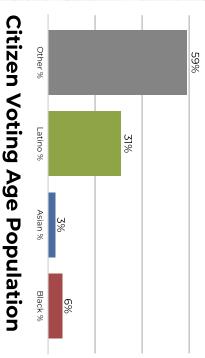
Black %

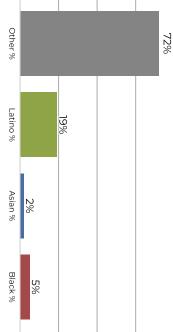
3.0%

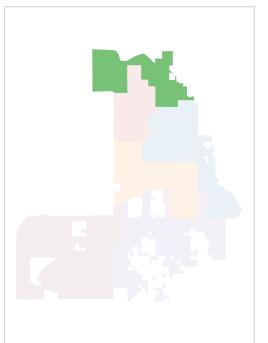
Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 3 Page 5 of 8 **tt 3**



2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

Total CVAP

Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

57,850

41,928

72.5%

11,483

19.9%

1,253

2.2%

3,186

5.5%

85,328

1,275

1.5%

50,692

26,468 Latino

2,843 Asian

Other % 59.4%

Latino % 31.0%

Asian % 3.3%

Black

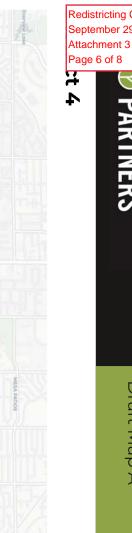
Black %

5,325

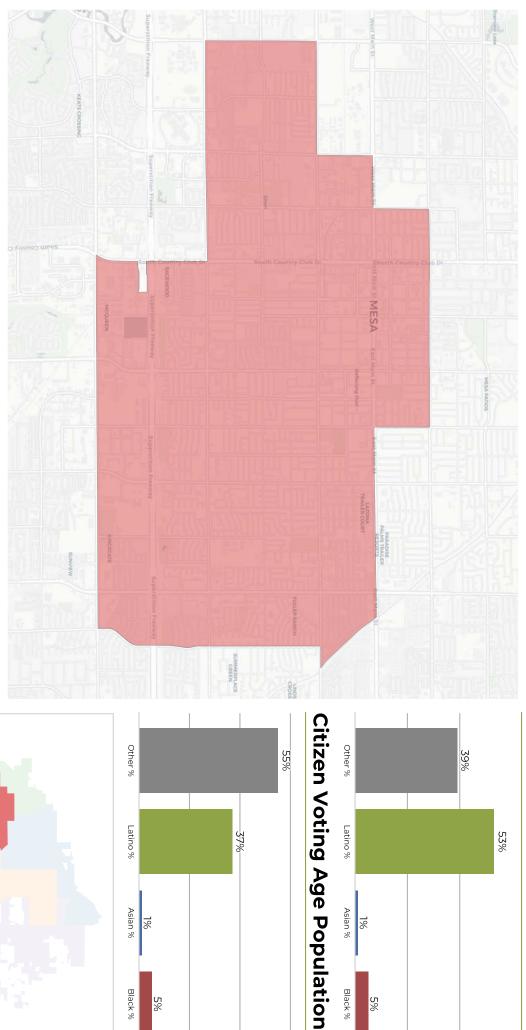
6.2%







City of Mesa Draft Map A 2020 Census



Other %

Latino %

Asian % る。

Black %

39%

53%

26.912	Other CV	1,527	Deviation Deviation %		KEATS CHOSSING				e l		
55.3%	AP Other C	1.8%	eviation %					Superstition Free			
	:VAP % Lat	34,080	Other	D. Grunos W	uros	19		eway			
18.320	ino CVAP L	39.8%	Other%			NEGUEEN		Supervite	lub, Dr		
37.7%	atino CVAP	45,701	Latino			EN					
924	Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP Black CVAP %	53.4%	Latino %								
1.9%	P Asian C	1,460	Asian								
	VAP % Blac	1.7%	Asian %		Walkkins	KINGSGATE					
2.474	k CVAP BI	4,339	Black								
5.1%	ack CVAP %	5.1%	Black %					Y		SUMMERPLACE	CHOSS
							Other%				55%
							Latino %			37%	
							Asian %	1%			
							Black %	5%			

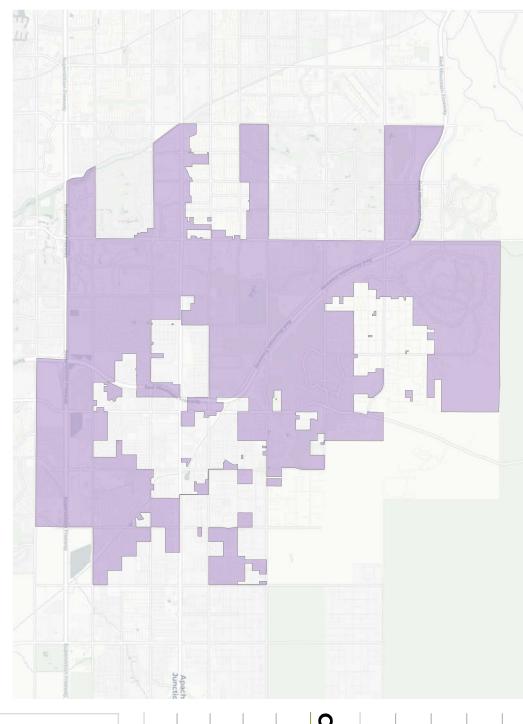
Population Deviation % Other

Total CVAP

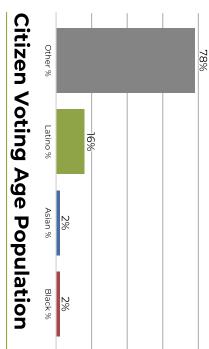
48,630

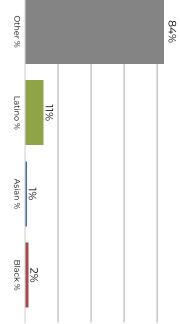
85,580

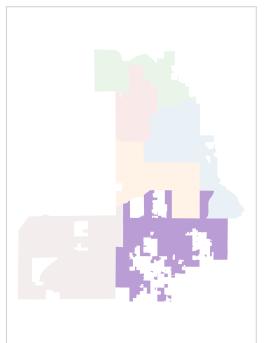




2020 Census







Population Deviation Meviation %

Other 65,523

Other % 78.1%

Latino 14,166

Latino % 16.9%

Asian 1,807

Asian % 2.2%

Black 2,360

Black %

2.8%

83,856

-197

-0.2%

Total CVAP

Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

61,335

52,015

84.8%

7,116

11.6%

846

1.4%

1,359

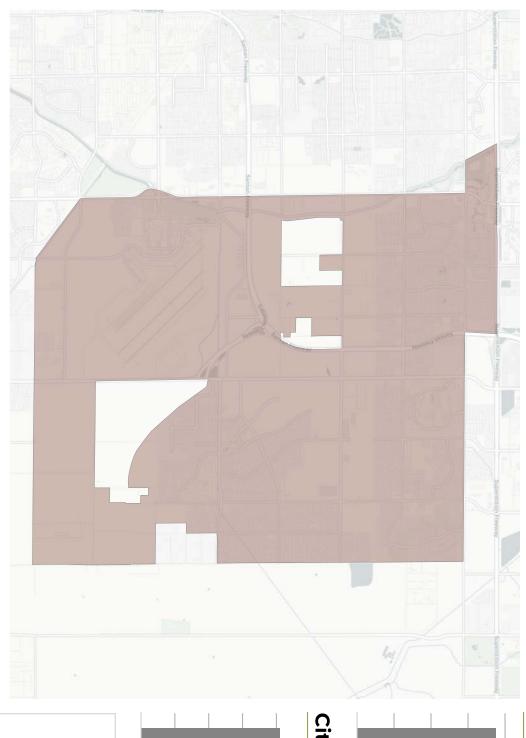
2.2%

September 29, 2021

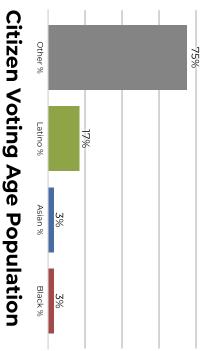


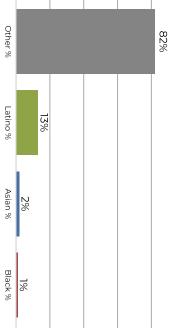


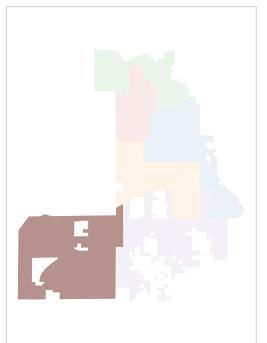
6



2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

Total CVAP

Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

42,877

35,192

82.1%

5,812

13.6%

1,180

2.8%

1.6%

81,273

-2,780

-3.3%

61,300

14,343 Latino

2,988 Asian

Other % 75.4%

Latino % 17.6%

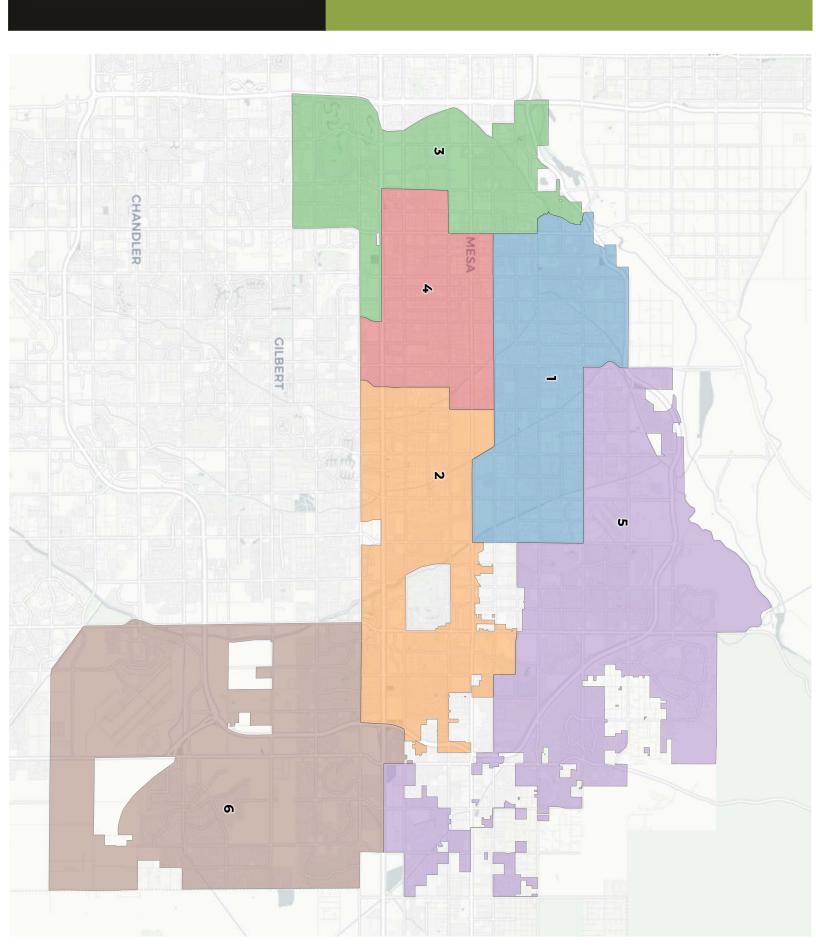
Asian % 3.7%

Black 2,642

Black %

3.3%

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 4 Page 1 of 8





Draft Map B City of Mesa

Black %	Black	Asian %	Asian	Latino %	Latino	Other %	Other	Deviation %	Deviation	Population	
3.7%	3,124	1.8%	1,538	26.7%	22,459	67.8%	57,148	0.3%	216	84,269	7
3.6%	3,065	2.4%	2,039	21.1%	17,923	72.9%	61,910	1.1%	884	84,937	2
6.5%	5,429	3.5%	2,942	32.0%	26,943	58.0%	48,845	0.1%	106	84,159	3
4.5%	3,777	1.5%	1,290	53.0%	44,212	40.9%	34,095	-0.8%	-679	83,374	4
2.0%	1,778	2.3%	2,027	14.7%	12,731	81.0%	70,277	3.3%	2,760	86,813	5
3.3%	2,649	3.6%	2,889	16.4%	13,243	76.7%	61,984	-3.9%	-3,288	80,765	6

	Citizen Votin	Black %	Black	Asian %	Asian	Latino %	Latino	Other%	Other	
7	Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)	3.7%	3,124	1.8%	1,538	26.7%	22,459	67.8%	57,148	
2	ion (CVAP)	3.6%	3,065	2.4%	2,039	21.1%	17,923	72.9%	61,910	
3		6.5%	5,429	3.5%	2,942	32.0%	26,943	58.0%	48,845	
4		4.5%	3,777	1.5%	1,290	53.0%	44,212	40.9%	34,095	
ъ		2.0%	1,778	2.3%	2,027	14.7%	12,731	81.0%	70,277	
ത		3.3%	2,649	3.6%	2,889	16.4%	13,243	76.7%	61,984	

	Citizen Votin	Black %	Black	Asian %	Asian	Latino %	Latino	Other %
_	Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)	3.7%	3,124	1.8%	1,538	26.7%	22,459	67.8%
2	ion (CVAP)	3.6%	3,065	2.4%	2,039	21.1%	17,923	72.9%
3		6.5%	5,429	3.5%	2,942	32.0%	26,943	58.0%
4		4.5%	3,777	1.5%	1,290	53.0%	44,212	40.9%
Сī		2.0%	1,778	2.3%	2,027	14.7%	12,731	81.0%
O		3.3%	2,649	3.6%	2,889	16.4%	13,243	76.7%



Latino CVAP %

Other CVAP %

Latino CVAP

9,460

10,227

12,032

17,162

6,547

71.3%

56.5%

86.3%

83.6%

5,154

16.3%

15.6%

21.0%

36.7%

10.4%

12.1%

Other CVAP

45,749

52,087

40,838

26,397

54,507

35,652

78.8%

79.6%

58,083

65,422

57,238

46,752

63,132

42,656

Total CVAP



Black CVAP %

3.7%

3.7%

5.2%

5.3%

1.6%

1.7%

729

992

Black CVAP

2,424

2,994

2,485

1.0%

2.4%

1.5%

1.7%

2.6%

685

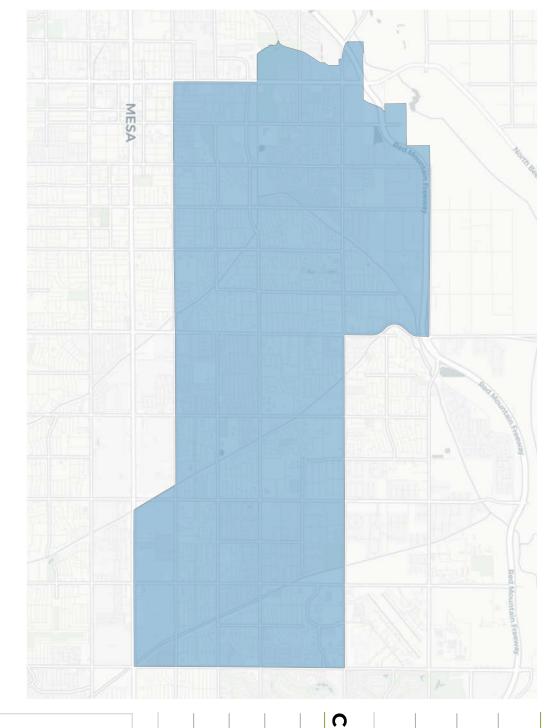
1,374

708

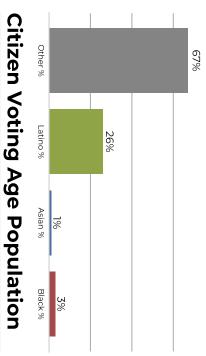
1,085

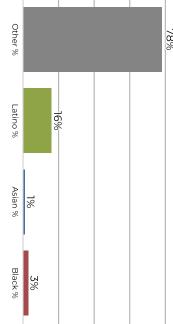
1,120

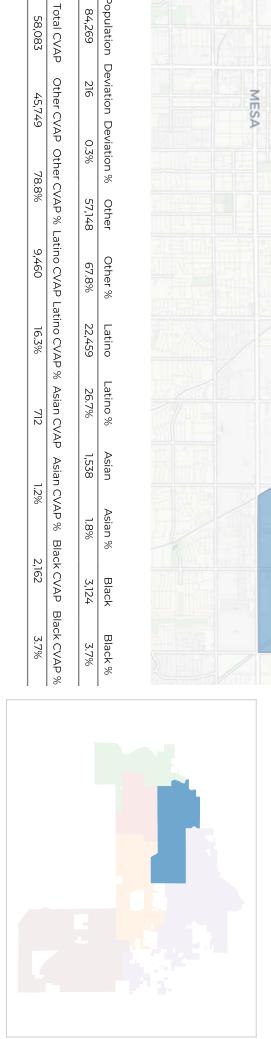




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

84,269

216

0.3%

57,148

Other % 67.8%

Latino 22,459

Latino % 26.7%

Asian 1,538

Asian % 1.8%

Black 3,124

Black %

3.7%

58,083

45,749

78.8%

9,460

16.3%

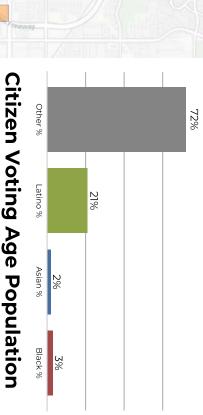
1.2%

2,162

3.7%

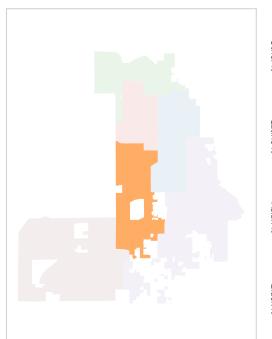
Page 4 of 8

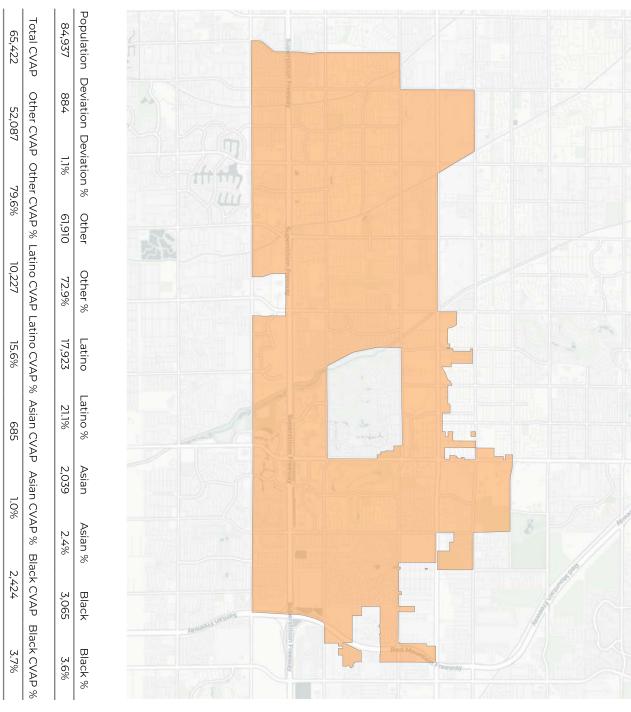
2020 Census



Citizen Voting Age Population

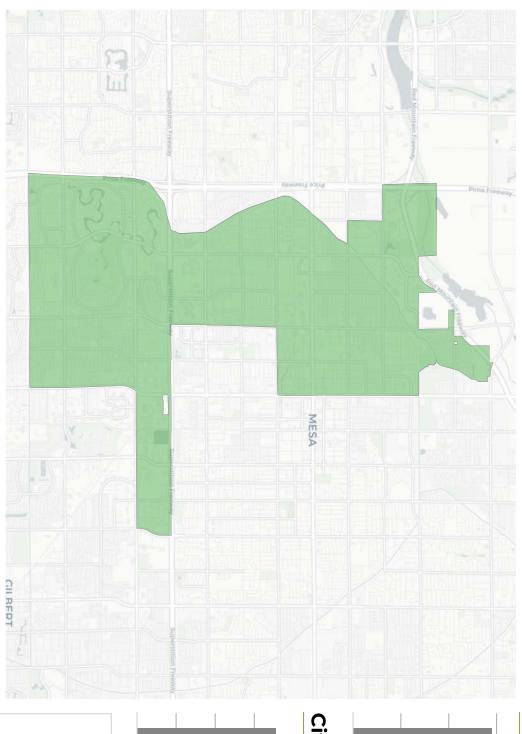
Other %				79%
Latino %]5%		
Asian %	1%			
Black %	3%			



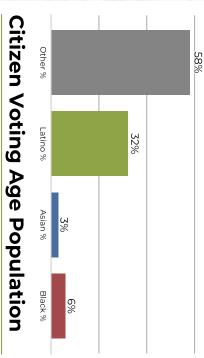


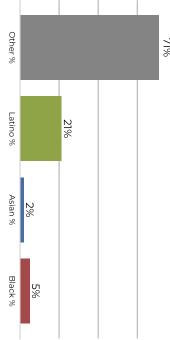
Page 5 of 8

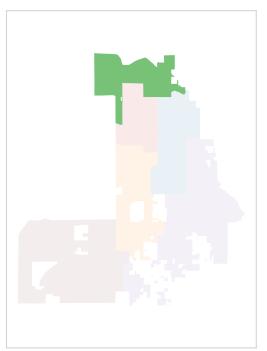




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

84,159

106

0.1%

48,845

26,943 Latino

Other % 58.0%

Latino % 32.0%

Asian 2,942

Asian % 3.5%

Black 5,429

Black %

6.5%

57,238

40,838

71.3%

12,032

21.0%

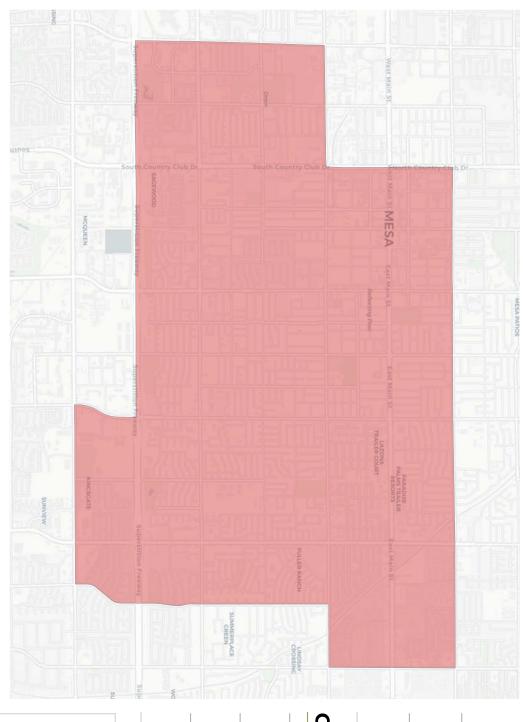
1,374

2.4%

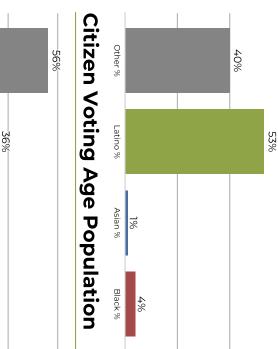
2,994

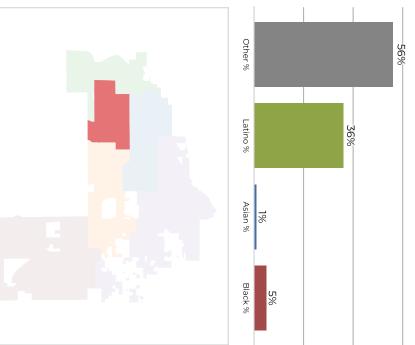
5.2%

Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %



2020 Census





Population Deviation % Other

83,374

-679

-0.8%

34,095

44,212 Latino

Other % 40.9%

Latino % 53.0%

Asian 1,290

Asian % 1.5%

Black 3,777

Black %

4.5%

46,752

26,397

56.5%

17,162

36.7%

708

1.5%

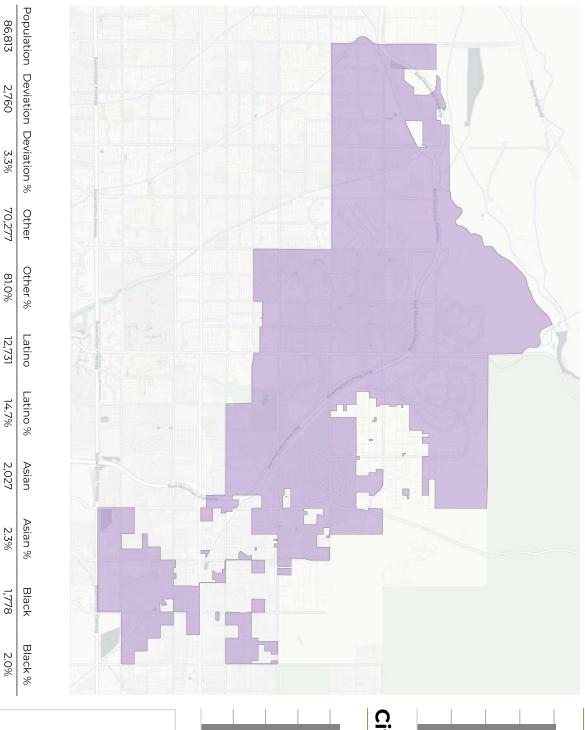
2,485

5.3%

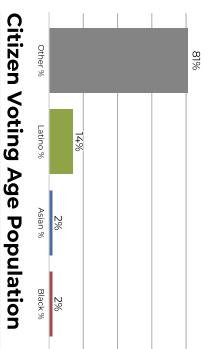
Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

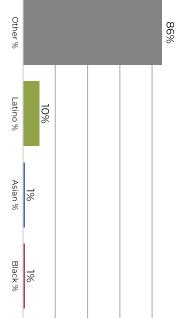


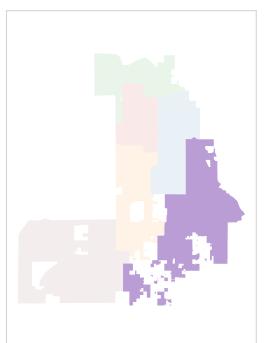




2020 Census







Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

86,813

2,760

3.3%

63,132

54,507

86.3%

6,547

10.4%

1,085

1.7%

992

1.6%

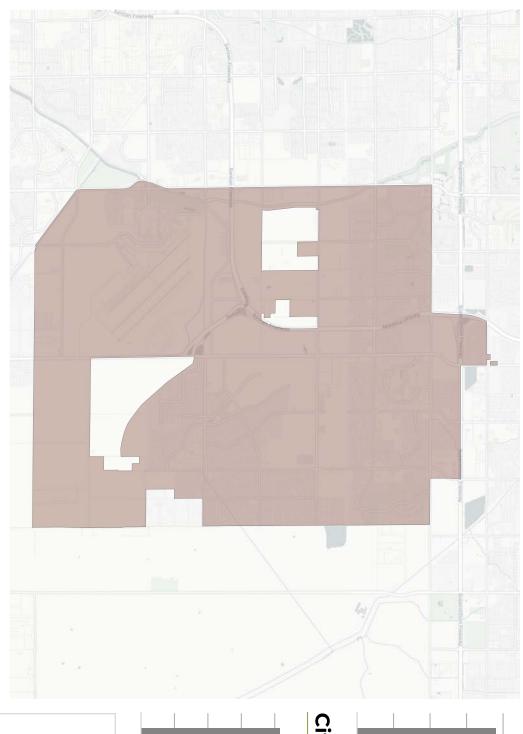
2.3%

1,778

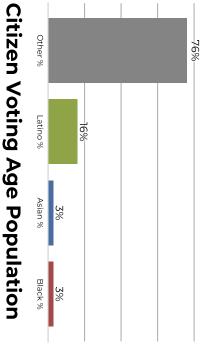
2.0%

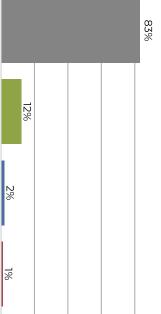


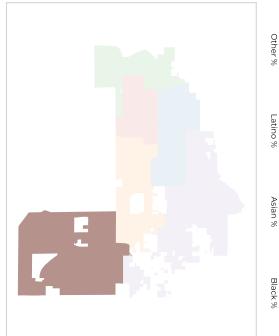




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

80,765

-3,288

-3.9%

61,984

13,243 Latino

Other % 76.7%

Latino % 16.4%

Asian 2,889

Asian % 3.6%

Black 2,649

Black %

3.3%

42,656

35,652

83.6%

5,154

12.1%

1,120

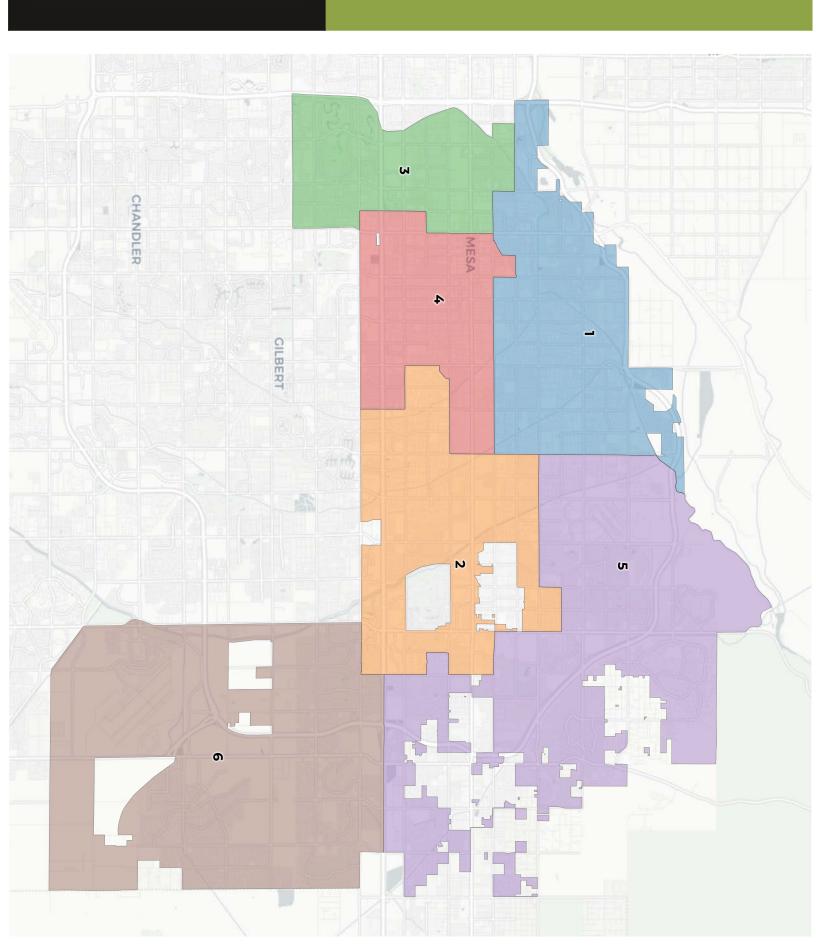
2.6%

729

1.7%

Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP Black CVAP %

Redistricting Commission September 29, 2021 Attachment 5 Page 1 of 8





Se Att Pa						
	l	2	3	4	5	6
Population	85,121	86,883	81,899	83,563	84,939	81,912
Deviation	1,068	2,830	-2,154	-490	886	-2,141
Deviation %	1.3%	3.4%	-2.6%	-0.6%	1.1%	-2.5%
Other	57,140	63,760	46,603	36,009	68,663	62,084
Other %	67.1%	73.4%	56.9%	43.1%	80.8%	75.8%
Latino	23,264	17,803	26,583	42,942	12,633	14,286
Latino %	27.3%	20.5%	32.5%	51.4%	14.9%	17.4%
Asian	1,603	2,165	2,994	1,175	1,869	2,919
Asian %	1.9%	2.5%	3.7%	1.4%	2.2%	3.6%
Black	3,114	3,155	5,719	3,437	1,774	2,623
Black %	3.7%	3.6%	7.0%	4.1%	2.]%	3.2%

	itizen Voting	Black %	Black
_	itizen Voting Age Population (CVAP	3.7%	3,114
2	n (CVAP)	3.6%	3,155
3		7.0%	5,719
4		4.1%	3,437
ហ		2.1%	1,774
o		3.2%	2,623

<u>Ω</u>.

Other CVAP %

Latino CVAP

9,664

16.9%

14.5%

22.9%

33.8%

10.3%

12.9%

9,431

12,656

16,754

68.7%

60.3%

77.7%

Other CVAP

44,445

57,218

64,825

55,330

49,563

63,438

42,910

52,186

37,998

29,903

55,208

35,490

82.7%

87.0%

6,528

5,550

80.5%

Total CVAP

Black CVAP %

Black CVAP

2,229

2,419

3,317

2,137

944

1.5%

1.7%

739

1.5%

1.2%

2.5%

1.6%

1.2%

2.6%

769

758

1,131

880

789

1,358

3.9%

3.7%

6.0%

4.3%

Asian CVAP %

Asian CVAP

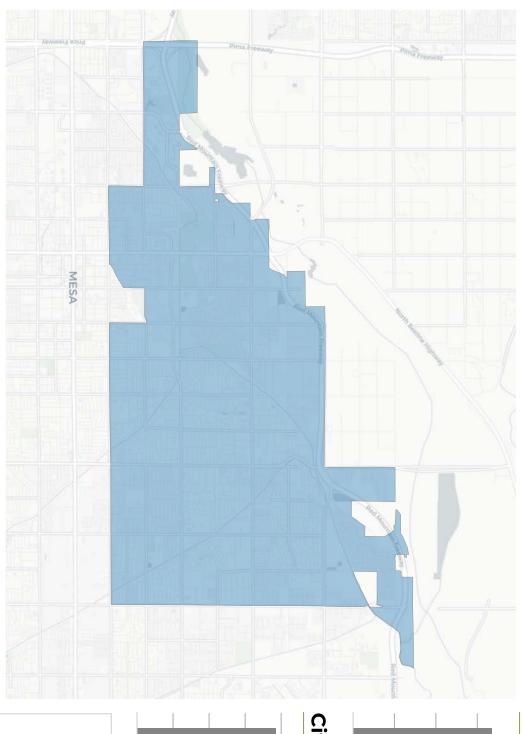
Latino CVAP %

1 2	Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)	Black % 3.7% 3.6%	Black 3,114 3,155	i d	Asian % 19% 25%	1,603
3 4		7.0% 4.1%	5,719 3,437	5./%		1,175
5		2.1% 3.2%	1,774 2,623	2.2% 3.6%		

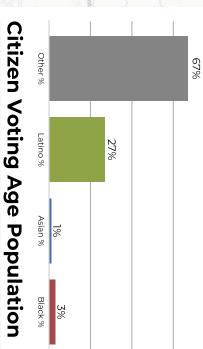
	tizen Voting	Black %
1	tizen Voting Age Population (CV <i>I</i>	3.7%
2	n (CVAP)	3.6%
3		7.0%
4		4.1%
5		2.1%

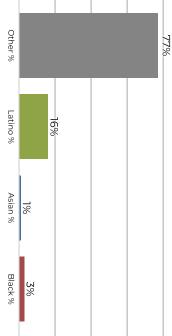


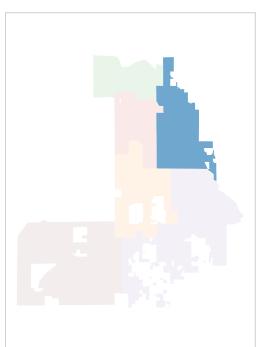




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

85,121

1,068

1.3%

57,140

67.1%

23,264 Latino

Other %

Latino % 27.3%

Asian 1,603

Asian % 1.9%

Black 3,114

Black %

3.7%

57,218

44,445

77.7%

9,664

16.9%

880

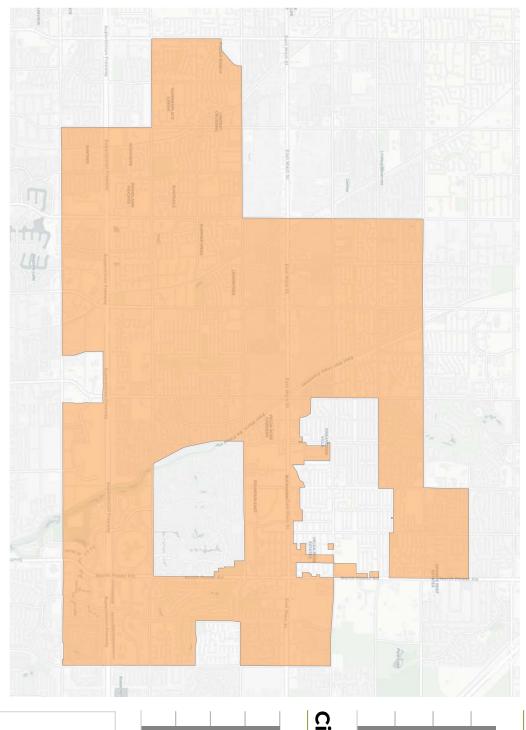
1.5%

2,229

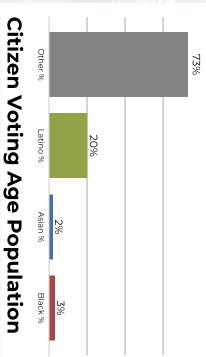
3.9%

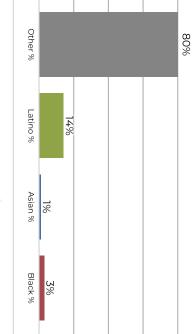
Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

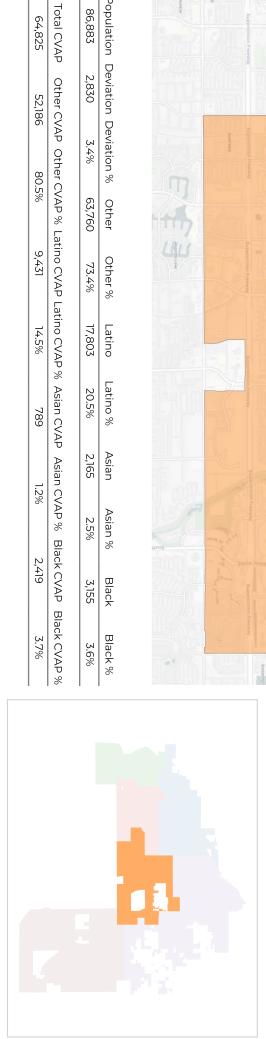




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

86,883

2,830

3.4%

63,760

Other % 73.4%

Latino 17,803

Latino % 20.5%

Asian 2,165

Asian % 2.5%

Black 3,155

Black %

3.6%

64,825

52,186

80.5%

9,431

14.5%

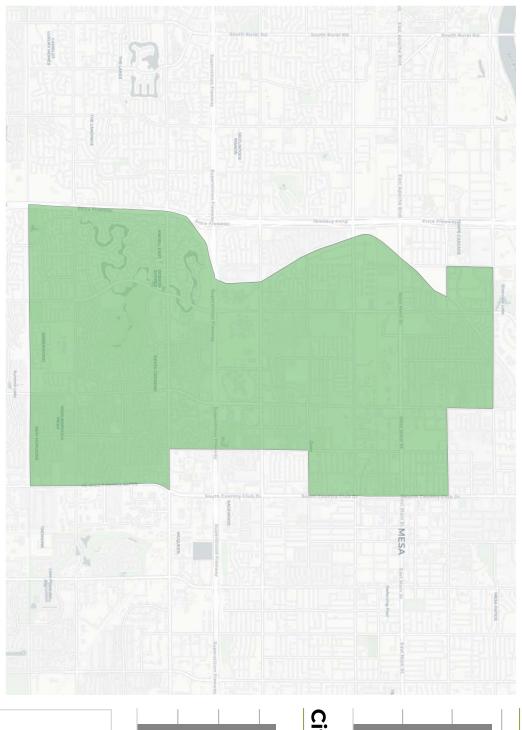
789

1.2%

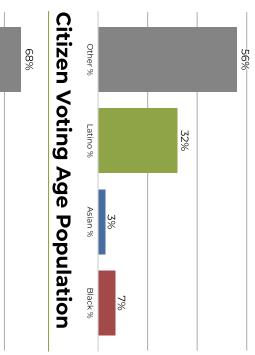
2,419

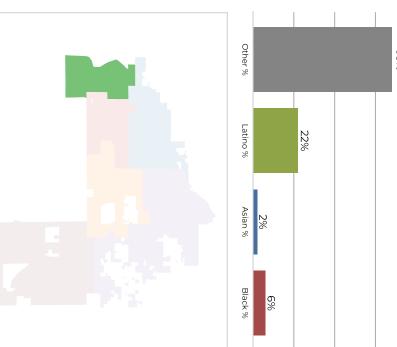
3.7%





2020 Census





Population Deviation % Other

81,899

-2,154

-2.6%

46,603

26,583 Latino

Other % 56.9%

Latino % 32.5%

Asian 2,994

Asian % 3.7%

Black 5,719

Black %

7.0%

55,330

37,998

68.7%

12,656

22.9%

1,358

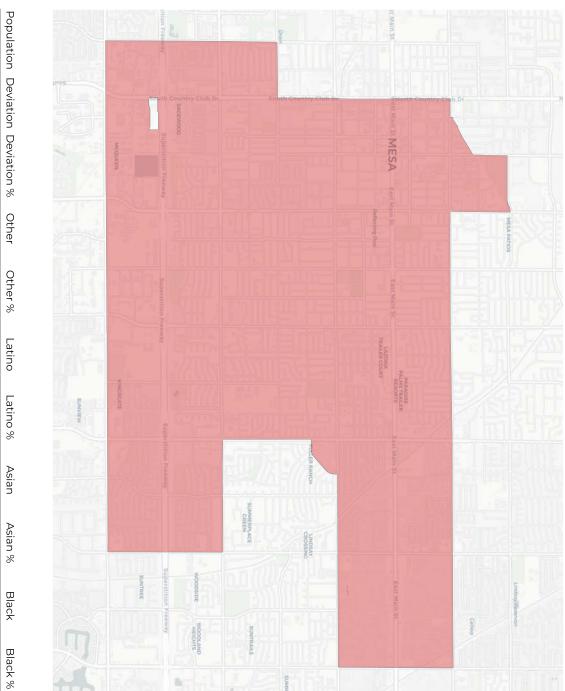
2.5%

3,317

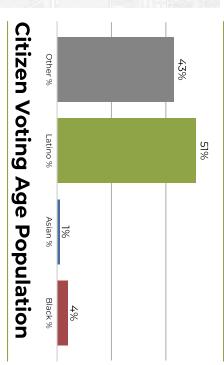
6.0%

Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP Black CVAP %

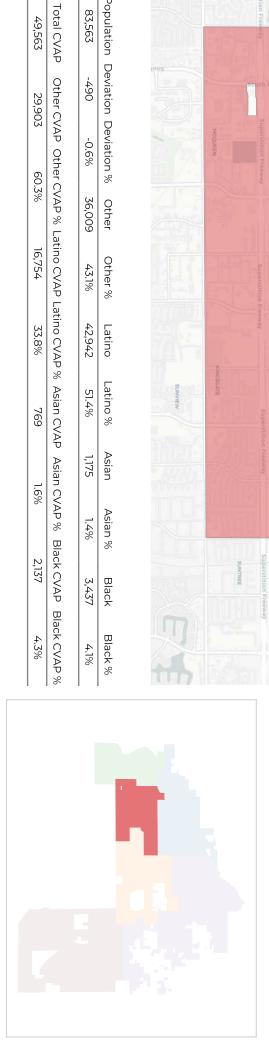




2020 Census







83,563

-490

-0.6%

36,009

43.1%

42,942

51.4%

1,175

1.4%

3,437

4.1%

49,563

29,903

60.3%

16,754

33.8%

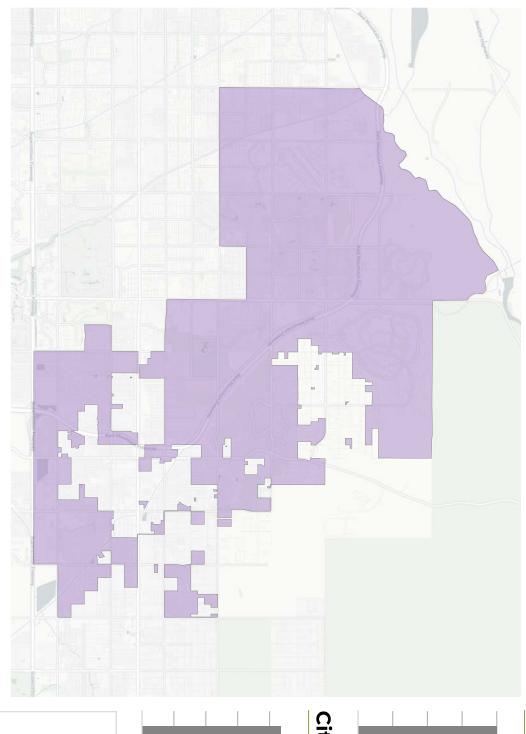
769

1.6%

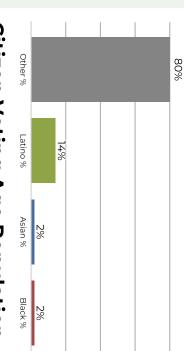
2,137

4.3%

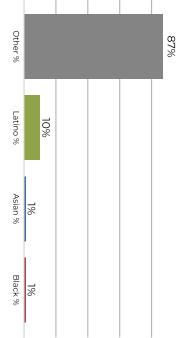


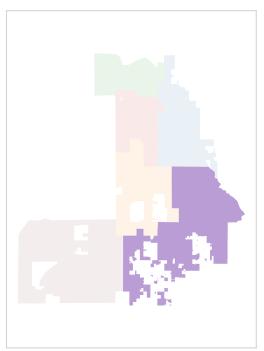


2020 Census



Citizen Voting Age Population





Population Deviation % Other

84,939

886

1.1%

68,663

Other % 80.8%

Latino 12,633

Latino % 14.9%

Asian 1,869

Asian % 2.2%

Black 1,774

Black %

2.1%

63,438

55,208

87.0%

6,528

10.3%

758

1.2%

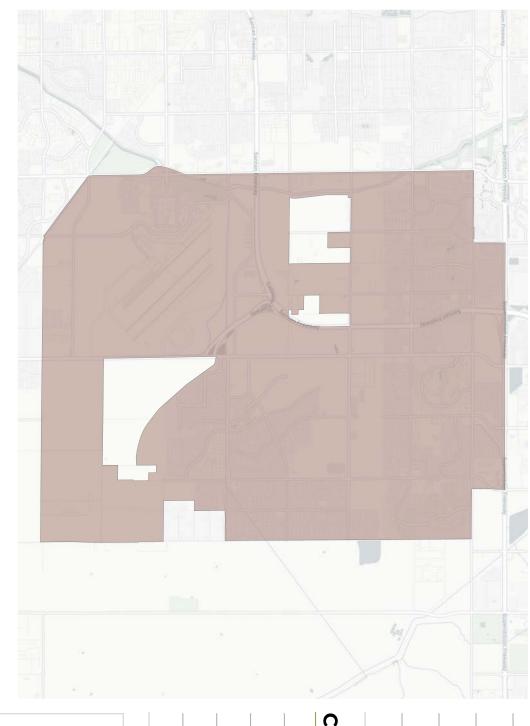
944

1.5%

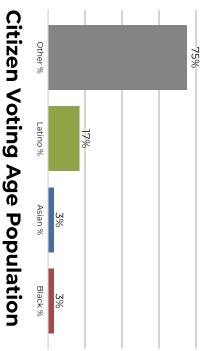
Total CVAP Other CVAP Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

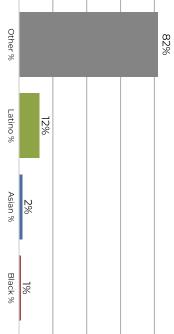


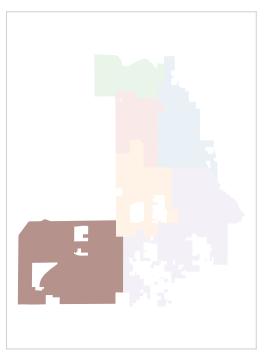




2020 Census







Population Deviation % Other

Total CVAP

Other CVAP % Latino CVAP Latino CVAP % Asian CVAP Asian CVAP % Black CVAP % Black CVAP %

42,910

35,490

82.7%

5,550

12.9%

1,131

2.6%

739

1.7%

81,912

-2,141

-2.5%

62,084

14,286 Latino

Other % 75.8%

Latino % 17.4%

Asian 2,919

Asian % 3.6%

Black 2,623

Black %

3.2%